QGOG Constellation S.A.

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements as of September 30, 2015 and for the Three and Nine-month Periods Then Ended and Report on Review of Interim Financial Statements

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Auditores Independentes

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Una	audited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position	3
Una	audited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations	5
	audited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income	
	audited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	
	audited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	
	tes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements as of September 30, 2015 ar	
	Three and Nine-Month Periods Then Ended	
1.	General Information	10
2.	Basis of Preparation and Significant Accounting Policies	13
3.	Cash and Cash Equivalents	
4.	Short-term investments	17
5.	Restricted Cash	18
6.	Trade and Other Receivables	18
7.	Inventories	18
8.	Related Party Transactions	19
9.	Investments	22
10.	Property, Plant and Equipment	30
11.	Loans and Financings	31
12.	Accrued Liabilities	34
	Provisions	
14.	Provision for Contingencies	35
15.	Derivatives	36
16.	Shareholders' Equity	38
17.	Net Operating Revenue	42
	Cost of Services and Operating Expenses	
	Other Income (Expenses), Net	
20.	Financial Expenses, Net.	44
21.	Taxes	44
22.	Financial Instruments	46
23.	Insurance	51
24.	Pension Plan	51
25.	Additional Information on Cash Flows	52
	Seasonality	
27.	Approval of Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	52



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REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of QGOG Constellation S.A. Luxembourg

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position of QGOG Constellation S.A. (the "Company") as of September 30, 2015, the related condensed consolidated interim statement of operations and statement of comprehensive income for the three and nine-month periods then ended and the statement of changes in shareholder's equity and statement of cash flows for the nine-month period then ended, and other explanatory notes.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410 Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity ("ISRE 2410"). A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and, consequently, does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

The Company's investments in the associates Urca Drilling B.V., Bracuhy Drilling B.V. and Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (all together denominated "Investees"), accounted for by the equity method of accounting, are carried at US\$13,040 thousand on the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position as at September 30, 2015, and the Company's share of the Investees net loss amounts of US\$178 thousand and US\$1,162 thousand, are included in the Company's condensed consolidated interim statement of operations for the three and nine-month periods then ended (Note 9). We draw attention to the related Note, which discloses Sete Brasil Participações S.A.'s internal actions (majority shareholder of such Investees) related to the "Lava-Jato" operation being held in Brazil and the alternatives under evaluation in order to improve its short-term liquidity capacity to meet its operational and financing commitments (including those related to the Investees), and then supporting its ability to continue as a going concern.

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Until the date of this report, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate review evidence about the carrying amount of the Company's investments in the Investees as at September 30, 2015 and the Company's share of the Investees total comprehensive loss for the three and nine-month periods then ended. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments or additional disclosures to the accompanying footnotes of these Investees balances as at September 30, 2015 and for the three and nine-month periods then ended were due necessary at the date of this report.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the possible effects, if any, of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Conclusion paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed consolidated interim financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2015, and of its financial performance for the three and nine-month periods then ended and its cash flows for the nine-month period then ended in accordance with IAS 34, as issued by the IASB.

Emphasis of matter

Partnership with SBM Holding Inc. - contingent liability

Without qualifying our conclusion, we draw attention to Note 9 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which discloses the uncertainty related to the outcome of the contingent liability of the Company's investments in associates and joint ventures held with its partner, SBM Offshore N.V. and its subsidiaries, related to operations in Brazil.

Charter and Operate Agreements with Petróleo Brasileiro S.A. - Petrobras

Without qualifying our conclusion, we draw attention to Note 1 to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, which discloses the uncertainty in the Company's operations related to the notice received by the Company's subsidiary Queiroz Galvão Óleo e Gás S.A. ("QGOG") from Petrobras on December 29, 2014, mentioning that QGOG has been temporarily suspended from entering into direct contracts and taking part in future bids by its main customer until investigations under CGU ("Brazilian General Comptroller's Office") related to "Lava Jato" operation is concluded.

Other matter

The consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2014 and for the year then ended were audited by us and our auditor's report dated March 19, 2015, contained the same qualification described in the "Basis for Qualified Conclusion" paragraph above related to the associates in which the major shareholder is Sete Brasil Participações S.A.

DELOITTE TOUCHE TOHMATSU

Auditores Independentes Rio de Janeiro, Brazil November 12, 2015

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$)

<u>ASSETS</u>	Note	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	189,364	147,079
Short-term investments	4	297,632	83,470
Restricted cash	5	21,737	37,842
Trade and other receivables	6	100,115	102,313
Inventories	7	190,622	161,664
Recoverable taxes	21.a	-	3,284
Deferred mobilization costs		12,552	10,857
Deferred tax assets	21.c	371	1,056
Receivables from related parties	8	6,531	13,042
Other current assets		32,648	28,483
		851,572	589,090
	2	,	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Receivables from related parties	8	306,330	323,960
Derivatives		-	-
Other non-current assets		439	523
Investments	9	234,000	222,850
Deferred mobilization costs	N/O	20,526	23,864
Deferred tax assets	21.c	3,395	5,747
Property, plant and equipment, net	10	4,402,655	4,448,868
		4,967,345	5,025,812
TOTAL ASSETS	and lill.	5,818,917	5,614,902

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UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	Note	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Loans and financings	11	398,782	417,979
Accrued liabilities	12	-	390,697
Payroll and related charges		41,133	55,102
Derivatives	15	33,100	28,445
Trade and other payables		25,627	30,650
Payables to related parties	8	1,614	2,719
Taxes payables	21.b	3,339	3,375
Provisions	13	4,552	1,551
Deferred revenues		54,159	24,505
Other current liabilities		62,448	52,622
		624,754	1,007,645
	2		
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Loans and financings	C 11	2,353,385	2,016,748
Payables to related parties	8	281,243	265,406
Derivatives	15	19,599	21,748
Deferred revenues		89,621	73,859
Other non-current liabilities		948	1,424
		2,744,796	2,379,185
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,369,550	3,386,830
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Capital	16.a	63,200	63,200
Share premium	16.a	766,561	766,561
Transaction costs on issuance of shares		(9,721)	(9,721)
Reserves	16.b/d	(44,754)	(5,407)
Retained earnings		1,654,174	1,405,712
Equity attributable to the owners of the Group		2,429,460	2,220,345
Non-controlling interests	16.e	19,907	7,727
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,449,367	2,228,072
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		5,818,917	5,614,902

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$, except per share amounts)

		Tree-month period ended September 30,		Nine-mor	
	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014
NET OPERATING REVENUE	17	263,129	279,769	771,744	817,284
COST OF SERVICES	18	(131,541)	(169,931)	(402,638)	(468,983)
GROSS PROFIT		131,588	109,838	369,106	348,301
General and administrative expenses	18	(8,500)	(12,052)	(27,236)	(36,642)
Other income	19	135	105	2,707	450
Other expenses	19	(367)	(3)	(3,368)	(30)
OPERATING PROFIT		122,856	97,888	341,209	312,079
Financial income	20	3,045	3,348	8,620	11,919
Financial expenses	20	(32,458)	(27,474)	(87,155)	(92,435)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	20	140	(204)	349	(709)
FINANCIAL EXPENSES, NET		(29,273)	(24,330)	(78,186)	(81,225)
Shares of results of investments	9	5,212	1,745	18,046	10,037
PROFIT BEFORE TAXES	_x O '	98,795	75,303	281,069	240,891
Taxes	21.d	(3,289)	281	(15,763)	929
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		95,506	75,584	265,306	241,820
Profit attributable to the owners of the Group		91,228	74,715	248,462	236,276
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		4,278	869	16,844	5,544
Profit per share					
Basic	16.f	0.48	0.40	1.31	1.25
Diluted	16.f	0.48	0.40	1.31	1.25

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UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE AND NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 (Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$)

Q \ \	_	Tree-month period ended September 30,		Nine-month period ended September 30,	
	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS		95,506	75,584	265,306	241,820
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:					
Cash flow hedges fair value adjustments attributable to:					
Owners of the Group	16.d	(8,255)	1,284	(14,246)	(1,883)
Non-controlling interests	16.d	(2,110)	1,051	(4,664)	(1,540)
	15/16.d	(10,365)	2,335	(18,910)	(3,423)
Share of investments' other comprehensive loss	9/16.d	(5,266)	1,064	(2,998)	(4,855)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	16.d	(12,113)	(7,585)	(22,103)	(3,850)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	=	67,762	71,398	221,295	229,692
Comprehensive income attributable to the owners of the Group		65,594	69,478	209,115	225,688
Comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to non-controlling interests		2,168	1,920	12,180	4,004

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$)

				.6			Reserves			Equity att	ributable to	
	Note	Capital	Share premium	Transaction costs on issuance of shares	Legal	Cash flow hedges fair value adjustments	Share of investments' other comprehensive loss	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Retained earnings	Owners of the Company	Non- controlling interests	Total shareholders' equity
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013		63,200	766,561	(9,721)	5,683	5,553	(7,009)	12,237	1,065,781	1,902,285	2,568	1,904,853
Profit for the period Other comprehensive loss for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	16.d		- - -	- - -	- 	(1,883) (1,883)	(4,855) (4,855)	(3,850) (3,850)	236,276	236,276 (10,588) 225,688	5,544 (1,540) 4,004	241,820 (12,128) 229,692
BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2014	(O)	63,200	766,561	(9,721)	5,683	3,670	(11,864)	8,387	1,302,057	2,127,973	6,572	2,134,545
BALANCE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2014		63,200	766,561	(9,721)	5,683	1,208	(15,330)	3,032	1,405,712	2,220,345	7,727	2,228,072
Profit for the period Other comprehensive loss for the period Total comprehensive income for the period	16.d	- - -	- - -	- - -	- 	(14,246) (14,246)	(2,998) (2,998)	(22,103) (22,103)	248,462	248,462 (39,347) 209,115	16,844 (4,664) 12,180	265,306 (44,011) 221,295
BALANCE AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2015		63,200	766,561	(9,721)	5,683	(13,038)	(18,328)	(19,071)	1,654,174	2,429,460	19,907	2,449,367

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$)

	Note	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		_	
Profit for the period		265,306	241,820
Adjustments to reconcile profit for the period			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	10/18	148,122	143,713
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	19	(253)	(176)
Share of results of investments	9	(18,046)	(10,037)
Recognition of deferred mobilization costs		8,137	11,196
Recognition of deferred revenues, net of taxes levied		(17,293)	(21,954)
Financial charges on loans and financings	11/20	74,806	79,594
Financial income from related parties, net	8/20	(4,307)	(4,890)
Fair value loss on derivatives	15/20	5,791	4,675
Provision for employee profit sharing plan		18,211	21,240
Other financial expenses, net	20	1,896	1,846
Provisions	13/19	3,318	-
Taxes	21.d	15,763	(929)
Changes in working conital			
Changes in working capital:		(224 207)	151 007
Decrease/(increase) in short-term investments Increase in trade and other receivables		(224,297)	151,987
		(5,767)	(41,810)
Decrease/(increase) in receivables from related parties Increase in inventories		(769)	(12.560)
		(46,623)	(13,560)
Decrease/(increase) in recoverable taxes Increase in deferred mobilization costs		2,759	(6,015)
		(6,791)	(2,535)
Increase in other assets		(4,485)	(13,094)
Decrease in payroll and related charges		(13,589) (355)	(18,050)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		` ′	1,123
Decrease in payables to related parties		(16)	(3)
Decrease in taxes payables		(14,468)	(1,701)
Increase in deferred revenues		65,024	2,943
Decrease in provisions Increase in other liabilities		(58)	- 5 960
	_	10,068	5,860
Net cash provided by operating activities		262,084	531,667
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to related parties		-	(52,463)
Proceeds from related parties	8.b	43,774	32,229
Capital decrease in investments	9	21,600	11,621
Capital contributions in investments	9	(11,595)	(25,082)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	10/25	(492,745)	(61,796)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	19	303	176
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(438,663)	(95,315)
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UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$)

	Note	2015	2014
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payments to related parties		(2,430)	(6,351)
Proceeds from related parties		-	10,805
Proceeds from loans and financings, net of transaction costs	11.a	625,943	55,000
Interest paid on loans and financings	11.a	(63,467)	(67,514)
Cash payments on derivatives	15	(23,564)	(33,445)
Restricted cash	5	16,105	820
Repayment of principal on loans and financings	11.a	(332,363)	(495,294)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		220,224	(535,979)
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		43,645	(99,627)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	3	147,079	217,530
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies	0	(1,360)	(395)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	3	189,364	117,508

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Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements as of September 30, 2015 and for the Three and Nine-Month Periods Then Ended (Amounts expressed in thousands of U.S. dollars - US\$, unless otherwise stated)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

QGOG Constellation S.A. (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") was incorporated in Luxembourg in August 30, 2011 as a "société anonyme" (i.e., "public company limited by shares") and is indirectly controlled by members of the Queiroz Galvão family. The Company has its registered address at 40, Avenue Monterey, L-2163 Luxembourg.

The Company's objective is to hold investments in Luxembourg or foreign countries; to acquire any securities and rights through participation, contribution, underwriting firm purchase or option, negotiation or in any other way and namely to acquire patents and licenses, and other property, rights and interest in property as deemed necessary, and generally to hold, manage, develop, sell or dispose of the same, in whole or in part, for such consideration as deemed necessary, and in particular for shares or securities of any entity purchasing the same; to enter into, assist or participate in financial, commercial and other transactions, and to grant to any holding entity, subsidiary, or fellow subsidiary, or any other entity associated in any way with the Company, or the said holding entity, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary, in which the Company has a direct or indirect financial interest, any assistance, loans, advances or guarantees; to borrow and raise funds in any manner and to secure the repayment of any funds borrowed; and finally, to perform any operation that is directly or indirectly related to its purpose. The Company's fiscal year is from January 1 to December 31.

The Company holds investments in subsidiaries that charter and operate onshore and offshore drilling rigs and drillships for exploration and production entities operating mainly in Brazil. The Group currently charters onshore and offshore drilling rigs and drillships to Petróleo Brasileiro S.A. ("Petrobras").

The Group's fleet is currently comprised of the following drilling rigs and drillships:

Drilling rigs and drillships	Туре	Start of operations
QG-I ⁽¹⁾	Onshore drilling rig	1981
QG-II	Onshore drilling rig	1981
QG-III	Onshore drilling rig	1987
QG-IV (1)	Onshore drilling rig	1996
QG-V ⁽¹⁾	Onshore drilling rig	2011
QG-VI	Onshore drilling rig	2008
QG-VII (1)	Onshore drilling rig	2008
QG-VIII (1)	Onshore drilling rig	2011
QG-IX (1)	Onshore drilling rig	2011
Alaskan Star	Offshore drilling rig	1994
Atlantic Star	Offshore drilling rig	1997
Olinda Star	Offshore drilling rig	2009
Gold Star	Offshore drilling rig	2010
Lone Star	Offshore drilling rig	2011
Alpha Star	Offshore drilling rig	2011
Amaralina Star	Drillship	2012
Laguna Star	Drillship	2012
Brava Star	Drillship	2015

⁽¹⁾ Currently these onshore drilling rigs are not hired under charter and service-rendering agreements, and thus the Group is seeking for new customers.

Although the Group has long-term agreements, the operations are indirectly dependent upon conditions in the oil and gas industry and, specifically, on the exploration and production expenditures of oil and gas entities. The demand for charter and operate agreements for drilling and related services provided to the Group's customers is influenced by, among other factors, oil and gas prices, expectations about future prices, the cost of producing and delivering oil and gas, government regulations and local and international political and economic conditions.

Brava Star drillship

On November 14, 2012, the Group entered into an agreement with Samsung Heavy Industries Co., Ltd. ("Samsung") to design, construct, complete and deliver an ultra-deepwater drillship, the Brava Star drillship.

On May 26, 2014, the Group signed a three-year agreement to charter and render operational services within the pre-salt area offshore the Brazilian coast, using the Brava Star drillship to the consortium BM-S-11, which is comprised by Petrobras (consortium operator), BG E&P Brasil Ltda. and Petróleos de Portugal - Petrogal, S.A. ("Petrogal").

Samsung delivered the ultra-deepwater drillship on May 29, 2015 and operations started on August 18, 2015.

Onshore drilling rig QG-I charter and service-rendering agreements

On March 21, 2014, the Group signed an agreement to charter and render operational services for President Energy PLC and President Energy Paraguay S.A. with a 210-day term beginning at start of operations. The purpose of the agreement is to drill two oil wells in Paraguay, using the onshore drilling rig QG-I. The first oil well started to be drilled in June 2014. The agreement was terminated in January 2015 and the Group is currently seeking for a new agreement.

Olinda Star offshore drilling rig agreements and scheduled 5-year survey

On July 14, 2014, the Group signed an agreement with Karoon Petróleo e Gás Ltda. ("Karoon") to charter and render operating services in two oil wells, using the Olinda Star offshore drilling rig. The operations started on October 22, 2014. The agreement had an estimated duration of 120 days with an extension option for another 120 days to drill two optional wells.

The charter and service-rendering agreements were extended to the first optional oil well. On April 27, 2015, Karoon notified the Group that it would not require the drilling of the second optional oil well (which would represent the fourth oil well in aggregate), pursuant to the provisions of the charter and service-rendering agreements. Such agreements expired on May 28, 2015.

On August 26, 2014, the Group signed amendments to the existing charter and service-rendering agreements with Petrobras, in which the duration of such agreements was extended by 150 days from August 2015. These agreements would be effective after the termination of the aforementioned agreement with Karoon.

On May 29, 2015, Olinda Star offshore drilling rig started its scheduled 5-year survey and on August 2, 2015, it returned to operate under the current charter and service agreement with Petrobras.

Notices received from Petrobras

On December 29, 2014, Queiroz Galvão Óleo Gás S.A. ("QGOG"), one of the Company's subsidiaries, received a notice from Petrobras, which temporarily suspends QGOG from entering into direct contracts and participating in bids for new contracts. This notice currently does not impact any of the existing contracts between QGOG and Petrobras. QGOG disagrees with this temporary suspension and has already contested this determination in order to reverse it

On March 10, 2015, QGOG received a notice from Petrobras about the transfer to *Controladoria Geral da União* - CGU (Comptroller General's Office) of the administrative procedure, in order to avoid duplication of efforts by entities at the federal administration. Petrobras has also informed that it will rely on the conclusion of CGU's administrative procedure to decide on eventual sanctions or the reversion of the temporary suspension.

The majority of the Group's fleet is hired under long-term agreements. Moreover, the Group owns an offshore fleet that can operate globally and is seeking client diversification and internationalization as part of its strategy, capitalizing on its strong operational track record.

Gold Star offshore drilling rig scheduled 5-year survey

On March 20, 2015, Gold Star offshore drilling rig interrupted its activities in order to execute its scheduled 5-year survey and on May 8, 2015, it returned to operate under the current charter and service agreement with Petrobras.

Onshore drilling rig QG-V charter and service-rendering agreements

On April 15, 2011, the Group started the operations of QG-V onshore drilling rig under a 4-year term charter and service agreement with Petrobras. Such agreement expired on April 14, 2015, and thus Group is currently seeking for new clients.

CADE excluded QGOG from Setal's leniency agreement

On April 28, 2015, the Brazilian Administrative Counsel of Economic Defense (*Conselho Administrativo de Defesa Econômica* - CADE), the Brazilian antitrust regulator, corrected the leniency agreement disclosed on March 20, 2015 that it had entered into with Setal Engenharia Construções e Perfurações S.A., SOG Óleo e Gás S.A. and certain affiliated individuals, together with related legal documentation, due to a material error, in order to exclude any and all references to QGOG in all such documents.

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Onshore drilling rig QG-VII charter and service-rendering agreements

On June 11, 2008, the Group started the operations of QG-VII onshore drilling rig under a 4-year term charter and service agreement with Petrobras, with a negotiated extension by 2 more years ending June 10, 2014. On June 6, 2014, such agreement was amended, including an extension for 2 more years or less, if reported by the customer. Petrobras required the Group to anticipate its termination on July 3, 2015, but decided to deliver the onshore drilling rig and terminate the agreement on May 6, 2015. The Group does not agree with Petrobras position and claims to receive the amounts regarding the remaining contracted period until July 3, 2015. Additionally, the Group is currently seeking for new clients.

Onshore drilling rig QG-IV charter and service-rendering agreements

On August 13, 2014, the Group signed agreements with Petrobras to charter and render drilling services using the QG-IV onshore drilling rig by 210 days as from the start of operations, which occurred on October 20, 2014. Such agreement expired on June 11, 2015 according to the provisions of the service-rendering agreement related to drilling in progress. The Group is currently seeking for new clients.

FPSO Cidade de Saquarema loan facility

On July 27, 2015, the Group and its partners SBM Inc., Mitsubishi and NYK Line, through the joint venture Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l., signed a loan facility amounting to US\$1.55 billion with a pool of international commercial banks and export credit agencies, in order to finance the construction of the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema. The loan facility was structured as a Limited Recourse Project Finance and will be repaid over a 14-year period post-completion.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), on a basis consistent with the significant accounting policies and critical accounting estimates disclosed in Notes 3 and 4, respectively, to the annual consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2014 and for the year then ended.

IAS 34 requires the use of certain accounting estimates by the Company's Management. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were prepared based on historical cost, except for certain financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value.

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosure items required in the annual consolidated financial statements. Therefore, they must be read together with the Company's annual consolidated financial statements referring the year ended December 31, 2014, which were prepared according to accounting policies, as described above. There were no changes in the accounting policies and critical accounting estimates adopted on December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2015.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the Company and its subsidiaries. There were no changes in the consolidated entities and investments disclosed in Note 5 to the annual consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2014 and for the year then ended.

The following new and amended IFRS have been effective since January 1, 2015 or will be effective on January 1, 2016, 2017 and 2018 and their adoption, where applicable, did not or will not have significant effect on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

Standard	Description	Effective date for annual period beginning on or after
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments	Finalised version, which contains accounting requirements in the following areas: classification and measurement, impairment, hedge accounting and	
IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts	derecognition. Permits an entity, which is a first-time adopter of IFRSs to continue to account, with some limited changes, for 'regulatory deferral account balances' in	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	accordance with its previous GAAP, both on initial adoption of IFRSs and in subsequent financial statements. Provides a single, principles based 5-step model to be applied to all contracts with customers. The 5-steps in the model are as follows: ✓ Identify the contract with the customer; ✓ Identify the performance obligations in the	January 1, 2016
Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments to IFRS 11)	contract; ✓ Determine the transaction price; ✓ Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contracts; and ✓ Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation. Amends to require an acquirer of an interest in a joint operation in which the activity constitutes a business (as defined in IFRS 3) to: ✓ Apply all of the business combinations accounting principles in IFRS 3 and other IFRSs, except for those principles that conflict with the guidance in IFRS 11; and	January 1, 2018
Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)	 ✓ Disclose the information required by IFRS 3 and other IFRSs for business combinations. Amends to: ✓ clarify that a depreciation method that is based on revenue that is generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset is not appropriate for PP&E ✓ introduce a rebuttable presumption that an 	January 1, 2016
	amortisation method that is based on the revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an intangible asset is inappropriate, which can only be overcome in limited circumstances where the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue, or when it can be demonstrated that revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are highly correlated; and ✓ add guidance that expected future reductions in the selling price of an item that was produced using an asset could indicate the expectation of technological or commercial obsolescence of the asset, which, in turn, might reflect a reduction of the future economic benefits embodied in the asset.	January 1, 2016

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Standard	Description	Effective date for annual period beginning on or after
Agriculture: Bearer Plants (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41)	Amendments to: (i) include 'bearer plants' within the scope of IAS 16 rather than IAS 41; (ii) introduce a definition of 'bearer plants' as a living plant that is used in the production or supply of agriculture produce; and (iii) clarify that produce growing on bearer plants remains within the scope of IAS 41.	January 1, 2016
Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments to IAS 27)	Amends to permit investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates to be optionally accounted for using the equity method in separate financial statements.	January 1, 2016
Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	Amends to clarify the treatment of the sale or contribution of assets from an investor to its associate or joint venture, as follows: ✓ require full recognition in the investor's financial statements of gains and losses arising on the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business (as defined in IFRS); and ✓ require the partial recognition of gains and losses where the assets do not constitute a business, i.e. a gain or loss is recognised only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in that associate	January 1, 2016
Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle	or joint venture. Makes amendments to the following standards: ✓ IFRS 5: Adds specific guidance for cases in which an entity reclassifies an asset from held for sale to held for distribution or vice versa and cases in which held-for-distribution accounting is discontinued; ✓ IFRS 7: Additional guidance to clarify whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred asset, and clarification on offsetting disclosures in condensed interim financial statements; ✓ IAS 9: Clarify that the high quality corporate bonds used in estimating the discount rate for	Junuary 1, 2010
Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 1)	post-employment benefits should be denominated in the same currency as the benefits to be paid; and ✓ IAS 34: Clarify the meaning of 'elsewhere in the interim report' and require a cross-reference. Amends to address perceived impediments to preparers exercising their judgement in presenting their financial reports by making the following changes: ✓ clarification that information should not be obscured by aggregating or by providing immaterial information, materiality considerations apply to the all parts of the financial statements, and even when a standard requires a specific disclosure, materiality considerations do apply;	January 1, 2016

Standard	Description	Effective date for annual period beginning on or after
Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28)	 ✓ clarification that the list of line items to be presented in these statements can be disaggregated and aggregated as relevant and additional guidance on subtotals in these statements and clarification that an entity's share of OCI of equity-accounted associates and joint ventures should be presented in aggregate as single line items based on whether or not it will subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss; ✓ additional examples of possible ways of ordering the notes to clarify that understandability and comparability should be considered when determining the order of the notes and to demonstrate that the notes need not be presented in the order so far listed in paragraph 114 of IAS 1. Amends to address issues that have arisen in the context of applying the consolidation exception for investment entities by clarifying the following 	January 1, 2016
Ries	 points: ✓ The exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements for an intermediate parent entity is available to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity, even if the investment entity measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value. ✓ A subsidiary that provides services related to the parent's investment activities should not be consolidated if the subsidiary itself is an investment entity. ✓ When applying the equity method to an associate or a joint venture, a non-investment entity investor in an investment entity may retain the fair value measurement applied by the associate or joint venture to its interests in subsidiaries. ✓ An investment entity measuring all of its subsidiaries at fair value provides the disclosures relating to investment entities required by IFRS 12. 	January 1, 2016
Editorial Corrections (various)	The IASB periodically issues Editorial Corrections and changes to IFRSs and other pronouncements. Since the beginning of calendar 2013, such corrections have been made in March 2013, September 2013, November 2013, March 2014, September 2014, December 2014, and March 2015.	As minor editorial corrections, these changes are effectively immediately applicable under IFRS

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3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014		
Cash and bank deposits	39,904	74,097		
Cash equivalents (*)	149,460	72,982		
Total	<u>189,364</u>	<u>147,079</u>		

(*) Cash equivalents refer to time deposits with original maturities of less than 90 days. These investments are highly liquid and can be readily converted into known cash amounts and are subject to a minimum risk of changes in value.

Cash equivalents are comprised by certain time deposits as follows:

Financial institution	Original currency	Average interest rate (per annum)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Itaú BBA Nassau Citibank	U.S. dollar U.S. dollar	0.30% 0.32%	80,425 55,045	47,558 25,001
Bradesco S.A. Grand Cayman	U.S. dollar	0.13%	13,990 149,460	423 72,982

4. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

Short-term investments	Original currency	Financial institution	Average interest rate (per annum)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Time deposits (i)	U.S. dollar	HSBC Bank	0.03%	10,845	1,608
Time deposits (i)	U.S. dollar	Itaú BBA Nassau	1.13%	73,168	-
Time deposits (i)	U.S. dollar	ING Bank	0.19%	32,416	32,669
•	~ XO	Bradesco Grand			
Time deposits (i)	U.S. dollar	Cayman	1.19%	107,463	-
Time deposits (i)	U.S. dollar	Banco do Brasil S.A.	0.95%	8,039	-
Time deposits (i)	U.S. dollar	Deutsche Bank	0.13%	46,927	17,887
•		Banco do Nordeste	100% of		
CDB (ii)	Brazilian real	do Brasil S.A - BNB	CDI ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	-	14,310
Repurchase			99.5% of		
agreements (iv)	Brazilian real	Bradesco S.A.	CDI ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	10,190	16,996
Total				297,632	83,470

- (i) These investments have original maturities of more than 90 days, or with no fixed time for redemption.
- (ii) Brazilian Bank Deposit Certificate CDB.
- (iii) Brazilian Interbank Deposit Certificate CDI.
- (iv) Refers to agreements in which the financial institution has a commitment to repurchase the asset back from the Group within a specified time limit.

5. RESTRICTED CASH

Under certain of the Group's project finance arrangements (Note 11), surplus cash from operations is held in designated reserve accounts, up to a level determined in relation to the future debt servicing requirements of the project financing arrangements.

These accounts refer to the financing agreements related to the construction of Lone Star, Gold Star and Brava Star offshore drilling rigs, with original maturity of less than one year (Note 11). Since the financing related to the construction of Lone Star offshore drilling rig was fully paid on January 2015, the restricted cash account currently refers to the financing agreements related to the construction of Gold Star and Brava Star offshore drilling rigs.

The amounts in these accounts are comprised by time deposits as follows:

Restricted cash	Financial institution	Average interest rate (per annum)	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Bank deposits	Citibank N.A.	-	9,800	-
Time deposits	ING Bank	0.24%	<u>11,937</u>	<u>37,842</u>
_		~0	21,737	<u>37,842</u>

6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables are mainly related to receivables from Petrobras for charter and service-rendering relating to the drilling rigs and drillships used in the exploration of oil and gas in Brazil. Except for the receivables from HRT O&G Exploração e Produção de Petróleo Ltda. ("HRT") described below, historically, there have been no defaults on receivables or delays in collections and, consequently, the Group has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts for the periods presented. The average collection period is of approximately 30 days. Refer to Note 22.c for details of financial risk management related to credit risk.

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, overdue accounts are mainly comprised by receivables from HRT amounting US\$2,857 and US\$4,273, respectively. The Group has fully recognised an allowance for doubtful accounts for the receivables from HRT. Such recognition is due to the delay in collecting HRT receivables related to QG-VIII and QG-IX onshore drilling rigs operations performed between April and June 2014, in the amounts of US\$2,050 and US\$2,223, respectively. HRT contests some of the charter and service-rendering agreements' terms and decided for the non-payment. On June 30, 2014, the Group decided to terminate the agreements in accordance with its terms and conditions, with the interruption of the charter and service-rendering and then entered into a legal dispute in order to, among other objectives, collect the overdue amounts. The Group had recorded in other current liabilities the amount of US\$5,052 related to advances made by HRT and in December 2014, the Group recognised the revenue arising from the appropriation of the remaining amount of advances received from HRT. Since the termination of the aforementioned agreements, the Group is seeking for new customers.

7. INVENTORIES

Inventories refer basically to materials to be used in the onshore and offshore drilling rigs and drillships operations. The amounts recognised in the statement of operations are accounted for as cost of services in the account "Materials", as disclosed in Note 18.

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

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Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries that are part of the Group are eliminated for consolidation purposes and are not disclosed below.

The consolidated intercompany balances as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, and transactions for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

					Three-more ended Sept	nth period tember 30,	Nine-month period ended September 30,		
	September 30, 2015		Decembe	er 31, 2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	Income / (expenses)	Income / (expenses)	Income / (expenses)	Income / (expenses)	
Alperton Capital Ltd. (a)	300,906	281,243	280,378	265,406	1,550	1,702	4,691	7,236	
Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l. (b)						64		118	
Guará Norte S.à.r.l. ^(b)	-	-	5,051	-	_	67	9	80	
Queiroz Galvão S.A. (c)	-	242	-	1,331	(380)	(1,033)	(1,341)	(3,525)	
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. (d)	906	-	900	-	2	2	6	7	
SBM Espírito do Mar B.V. (e)	4,369	-	4,196	-	59	56	174	165	
Sete Brasil Participações S.A. (f)	2,892	-	570	-	510	656	2,765	1,931	
Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (g)	-	-	33,285	-	203	196	768	418	
Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (g)	-	-	-	-	-	80	-	391	
SBM Holding Inc. (h)	2,309	1,339	9,590	1,339	-	-	-	-	
Tupi Nordeste Operações Marítimas Ltda. (i)	1,030	-	1,432	-	368	-	1,226	-	
Guará Norte Operações Marítimas Ltda. (i)	220	-	1,328	-	248	-	857	-	
BW NISA Ltd. (i)	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,028	-	
Others	<u>229</u>	33	<u>272</u>	49	20	<u>44</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>62</u>	
Total	<u>312,861</u>	<u>282,857</u>	<u>337,002</u>	<u>268,125</u>	2,580	<u>1,834</u>	<u>12,249</u>	6,883	
Current	6,531	1,614	13,042	2,719					
Non-current	306,330	281,243	323,960	265,406					

(a) In 2010, Constellation and Alperton Capital Ltd. ("Alperton") signed shareholders and loan agreements in order to construct, charter and operate two drillships for Petrobras, the Amaralina Star and the Laguna Star drillships, through Constellation's 55% interest in each of Amaralina Star Ltd. ("Amaralina") and Laguna Star Ltd. ("Laguna"), the remaining 45% of these entities shares being held by Alperton.

Under these agreements, Constellation has committed to finance Alperton's 45% expenditures share on these projects.

The receivables from Alperton refer to the loans receivable bearing interest at 12% p.a., annually compounded, up to the sixth anniversary of the sub-charter agreement with Petrobras. Thereafter, the loans receivable will bear interest at 13% p.a., annually compounded. Repayment of interest and principal is scheduled to occur on a quarterly basis as from one year after the "Date of Acceptance" of the drillships by Petrobras, with the principal being repayable in quarterly installments over the 6-year term of the Petrobras charter agreement, starting from the "Date of Acceptance", provided that Amaralina and Laguna comply with the financing agreement conditions to pay dividends. The amounts payables refer to intercompany loans provided by Alperton to Amaralina and Laguna with the same terms and conditions of Constellation's receivable amounts from Alperton.

The amounts of the loans receivable from Alperton are secured by:

- ✓ A pledge of Alperton's 45% shares in Amaralina and Laguna;
- ✓ An assignment of dividends payable to Alperton by Amaralina and Laguna; and
- ✓ An assignment of amounts payable to Alperton by Amaralina and Laguna.

Any cash available in Amaralina and Laguna for dividends payment will be used to repay the intercompany loans to Alperton. Amaralina and Laguna may not pay any dividends or other payables to Alperton, until the intercompany loans are fully paid. The intercompany loans may be extended in the event that the term of the charter agreement with Petrobras is extended. In this case, the new maturity date will be the end date of the extended agreement.

The Group charges a fee to Alperton for being the guarantor of Amaralina Star and Laguna Star drillships project financings and a fee for being the guarantor for importations under the Special Regime of Temporary Admission (*Regime Aduaneiro Especial de Importação e Exportação de Bens Destinados à Pesquisa e Lavra de Petróleo e Gás* or REPETRO). For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the fees charged to Alperton totaled US\$4,691 and US\$7,236, respectively.

Non-compliance with the agreements between Alperton and Constellation could result in penalties to either entity. As of September 30, 2015, the Group was in compliance with the requirements of the respective agreements.

(b) The Group signed shareholders' agreements with its partners to regulate their relationship in the entities that will construct, charter and operate the FPSOs Cidade de Paraty and Cidade de Ilhabela for Petrobras. As of December 31, 2014, loans receivables refer to milestone payments made by Constellation in proportion to its participation in the FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela, through Guará Norte S.à.r.l.. The loans bear interest rate at the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 3% p.a., with no maturity date.

- On January 19, 2015, the Group received the amount of US\$5,060 from Guará Norte S.à.r.l., in connection with the payment made by Petrobras related to the acceptance of the FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela.
- (c) The payable amount refers to the fee charged by Queiroz Galvão S.A. for being the guarantor for importations under the REPETRO.
- (d) Loans bearing interest at LIBOR plus 0.5% p.a., with maturity at the end of the charter agreement period between SBM Espírito do Mar B.V. and Petrobras (2022).
- (e) The loan receivable from SBM Espírito do Mar B.V. bears an effective interest rate of 5.56% p.a., with maturity at the end of the charter agreement period between SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. and Petrobras (2022).
- (f) On August 3, 2012, Angra Participações B.V. ("Angra") signed three shareholders' agreements in which the Group acquired a 15% equity interest in three special purpose entities ("SPEs"), each one owning an ultra-deepwater semi-submersible rig (Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba drilling rigs) in partnership with Sete Brasil Participações S.A. ("Sete Brasil"). In the same day, the partnership signed charter agreements of these drilling rigs with Petrobras. The receivable amounts as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and the income for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 refer to the fee charged by the Group related to the drilling rigs' project management.
- (g) In January and February 2014, the Group signed shareholders' loan agreements with Alfa Lula and Beta Lula, which regulate the shareholders' loans to such entities that will construct, charter and operate the FPSOs Cidade de Maricá and Cidade de Saquarema for Petrobras, respectively (Notes 9 and 22). As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, loans receivables amounts refer to milestones payments made by Constellation in proportion to its participation in the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema. The loans bear interest at LIBOR plus 3% p.a. with no maturity date.
- (h) The receivable amount refers to a payment due by SBM to the Group, in connection with the terms that regulates the relationship of these entities as shareholders of Guará Norte S.à.r.l. and Guará Norte Holding Ltd.. The payable amount refers to costs charged by SBM to the Group related to a bid not won by the partnership with SBM. The changes recorded in the receivable amount during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 refers to: (i) cash inflow amounting to US\$38,713 related to the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema shareholders loan, in connection with the disbursement of the first tranche of the related FPSO loan facility (Notes 1 and 9); and (ii) a non-cash transaction (Note 25) in which the Group paid the eighth milestone related to the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema construction through the compensation of such receivable, comprised by US\$4,660 related to intercompany loans to Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (Note 8.g) and US\$2,621 related to capital increase in Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (Note 9.7).
- (i) The receivable amounts as of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and the income for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 from Tupi Nordeste Operações Marítimas Ltda. and SBM Offshore do Brasil Ltda. are related to labor costs reimbursement with respect to the operation of the FPSO Cidade de Paraty and FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela, respectively.
- (j) The income refers to an indemnization received from BW NISA Ltd. in June 2015, related to the FPSO P-63 general operating costs incurred by the Group.

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Key management personnel remuneration is presented below:

	Three-mor	th period	Nine-month period			
	ended Sept	ember 30,	ended September 30,			
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		
Key management personnel compensation (i)	1,796	3,198	6,930	8,612		

(i) Key management is defined as the statutory officers and directors of the Group.

All key management personnel compensation refers to short-term benefits.

The cash compensation for each member of key management is mainly comprised by base salary and bonus. The compensation that is paid to key management is evaluated on an annual basis considering the following primary factors: individual performance during prior year, market rates and movements and the individual's anticipated contribution to the Group's growth. Members of key management are also eligible to participate in the Group's retirement savings plans (Note 24).

9. INVESTMENTS

				Septem	ber 30, 2015						
	Number							Shareholders'			
	of shares	Ownership	Authorized	Current	Non-current	Current	Non-current	equity			
	(thousands)	interest (%)	share capital	assets	<u>assets</u>	liabilities	<u>liabilities</u>	(deficiency)			
Associates:											
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	100	20.00%	82	2,173	_	39,508	46,299	(83,634)			
SBM Espírito do Mar Inc.	100	20.00%	88	18	259,325	20,277	39,879	199,187			
Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	90	15.00%	€90k	(1,276)	684,030	376,511	229,829	76,414			
Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3)	90	15.00%	€90k	(10,939)	400,866	141,612	244,596	3,719			
Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3)	90	15.00%	€90k	94	106,959	4,388	95,867	6,798			
Joint Ventures:											
Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.	20	20.00%	20	182,364	1,137,838	105,008	780,630	434,564			
Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.	12	20.00%	12	5,454	4,738	21,099	-	(10,907)			
Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4)	50,200	12.75%	50,200	132,867	1,611,678	144,692	1,049,572	550,281			
Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4)	12	12.75%	12	24,914	296	28,400	-	(3,190)			
Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4)	65,200	5.00%	65,200	145	1,670,263	153,441	1,294,235	222,732			
Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd. (4)	5	5.00%	12	30	244	-	13	261			
Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (4)	65,200	5.00%	65,200	2,114	1,488,837	30,070	1,203,167	257,714			
Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd. (4)	5	5.00%	12	30	244	-	9	265			
	Danish at 21, 2014										
				Decemi	ber 31, 2014						
	Number			Decem	ber 31, 2014			Shareholders'			
	Number of shares	Ownership	Authorized			Current	Non-current	Shareholders'			
	of shares	Ownership interest (%)	Authorized share capital	Current	Non-current	Current liabilities	Non-current liabilities	equity			
Associates:			Authorized share capital			Current liabilities	Non-current liabilities				
Associates: FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	of shares			Current assets	Non-current	liabilities	<u>liabilities</u>	equity (deficiency)			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	of shares (thousands)	interest (%)	share capital	Current	Non-current		liabilities 19,596	equity			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc.	of shares (thousands)	interest (%) 20.00%	share capital 82 88	Current <u>assets</u> 3,807 1,280	Non-current assets - 261,980	51,956 76,773	<u>liabilities</u> 19,596 15,523	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	of shares (thousands) 100 100	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00%	share capital 82	Current <u>assets</u> 3,807 1,280 2,314	Non-current <u>assets</u> - 261,980 651,448	51,956 76,773 356,776	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823	equity (deficiency) (67,745)			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00%	share capital 82 88 €90k	Current <u>assets</u> 3,807 1,280	Non-current assets - 261,980	51,956 76,773	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*)			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90	20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00%	82 88 €90k €90k	Current <u>assets</u> 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*)			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90	20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00%	82 88 €90k €90k	Current <u>assets</u> 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894	<u>liabilities</u> 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*)			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures:	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90	20.00% 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00%	share capital 82 88 €90k €90k €90k	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212	<u>liabilities</u> 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures: Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90 20	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00% 15.00% 20.00%	82 88 €90k €90k €90k	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992 1,154,258	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922 370,331			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures: Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l. Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90 20 12	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00% 15.00% 20.00%	share capital	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112 160,447 6,083	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992 1,154,258 5,281	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212 155,060 22,766	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314 1,103,288	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922 370,331 (11,402)			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures: Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l. Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd. Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90 20 12 50,200	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00% 15.00% 20.00% 20.00% 12.75%	\$2 \$8 \$8 €90k €90k €90k 20 12 50,200	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112 160,447 6,083 288,314	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992 1,154,258 5,281 1,641,604	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212 155,060 22,766 199,328	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314 - 1,103,288	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922 370,331 (11,402) 627,302			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures: Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l. Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd. Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4) Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90 20 12 50,200 12	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00% 15.00% 20.00% 20.00% 12.75%	82 88 €90k €90k €90k 12 50,200 12	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112 160,447 6,083 288,314 3,231	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992 1,154,258 5,281 1,641,604 606	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212 155,060 22,766 199,328 3.043	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314 - 1,103,288	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922 370,331 (11,402) 627,302 794			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures: Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l. Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd. Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4) Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4) Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90 12 50,200 12 65,200	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00% 15.00% 20.00% 20.00% 12.75% 5.00%	82 88 €90k €90k €90k 12 50,200 12 65,200	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112 160,447 6,083 288,314 3,231 261	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992 1,154,258 5,281 1,641,604 606 1,202,485	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212 155,060 22,766 199,328 3.043	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314 - 1,103,288 - 1,011,568 13	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922 370,331 (11,402) 627,302 794 38,575			
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. Urca Drilling B.V. (3) Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3) Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3) Joint Ventures: Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l. Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd. Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4) Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4) Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4) Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd. (4)	of shares (thousands) 100 100 90 90 90 20 12 50,200 12 65,200 5	interest (%) 20.00% 20.00% 15.00% 15.00% 15.00% 20.00% 20.00% 12.75% 5.00% 5.00%	82 88 €90k €90k €90k 12 50,200 12 65,200 12	Current assets 3,807 1,280 2,314 1,812 112 160,447 6,083 288,314 3,231 261 273	Non-current assets 261,980 651,448 392,306 98,992 1,154,258 5,281 1,641,604 606 1,202,485 244	51,956 76,773 356,776 140,894 34,212 155,060 22,766 199,328 3.043 152,603	liabilities 19,596 15,523 214,823 232,922 57,970 789,314 - 1,103,288 1,011,568 13 665,245	equity (deficiency) (67,745) 170,964 82,163 (*) 20,302 (*) 6,922 370,331 (11,402) 627,302 794 38,575 278			

^(*) On the shareholders' equity amounts related to Urca Drilling B.V. and Bracuhy Drilling B.V. are included the amounts of US\$1,582 and US\$12,535, respectively, related to advances for future capital increase made by Sete Brasil.

The amounts presented in the schedules above correspond to the investee's accounting balances before applying the Group's ownership interest.

		Iı	nvestees' compreh	ensive income (lo	ess)			
		Tł	nree-month period	ended September	30,			
		2015			2014			
		Other	Total		Other	Total		
	Net	comprehensive	comprehensive	Net	comprehensive	comprehensive		
	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)		
Associates:								
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	(6,762)	1,918	(4,844)	(10,263)	856	(9,407)		
SBM Espírito do Mar Inc.	9,589	-	9,589	8,501	-	8,501		
Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	(395)	(358)	(753)	1	(54)	(53)		
Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3)	(772)	(73)	(845)	(2)	(11)	(13)		
Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3)	(17)	(43)	(60)	4	(7)	(3)		
Joint Ventures:								
Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.	12,717	(2,280)	10,437	13,680	6,550	20,230		
Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.	3,078	(550)	2,528	(3,156)	1,688	(1,468)		
Guará Norte S.à.r.1. (4)	16,622	(14,894)	1,728	(57)	54	(3)		
Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4)	(3,548)	764	(2,784)	ĺ	(5)	(4)		
Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4)	(15)	(31,136)	(31,151)	(11)	(14,968)	(14,979)		
Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd. (4)	(8)	-	(8)	1	· · · · ·	ĺ		
Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (4)	(10)	(33,047)	(33,057)	(3)	-	(3)		
Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd. (4)	(8)	-	(8)	-	-	-		

			Investees' compreh	nensive income (l	loss)			
		1	Vine-month period	ended Septembe	er 30,			
		2015			2014			
		Other	Total		Other	Total		
	Net	comprehensive	comprehensive	Net	comprehensive	comprehensive		
	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)	income (loss)		
Associates:								
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	(19,056)	3,167	(15,889)	(23,983)	(2,026)	(26,009)		
SBM Espírito do Mar Inc.	28,222	-bc	28,222	24,135	-	24,135		
Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	(3,759)	(545)	(4,304)	(660)	(20)	(680)		
Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3)	(3,936)	(111)	(4,047)	(52)	18	(34)		
Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3)	(59)	(66)	(125)	(49)	23	(26)		
Joint Ventures:								
Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.	62,184	2,049	64,233	59,584	255	59,839		
Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.	(4,715)	5,205	490	(8,856)	1,287	(7,569)		
Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4)	51,038	(13,156)	37,882	(136)	(31,736)	(31,872)		
Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4)	(4,858)	874	(3,984)	(16)	268	252		
Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4)	(44)	(35,087)	(35,131)	(44)	(14,968)	(15,012)		
Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd. (4)	(17)	-	(17)	(15)	-	(15)		
Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (4)	(37)	(33,047)	(33,084)	(44)	-	(44)		
Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd. (4)	(13)		(13)	(16)	-	(16)		

The amounts presented in the schedule above correspond to the investee's results and comprehensive income (loss) before applying the Group's ownership interest.

Changes in investments

	Asset					Asset
	(liability)					(liability)
	balance as of	Capital			Share of	balance as of
	December	contributions	Capital	Share of	comprehensive	September
	31, 2014	(2)	decrease (6)	results	income (loss)	30, 2015
<u>Associates</u>						
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	(13,549)	-	-	(3,811)	633	(16,727)
SBM Espírito do Mar Inc.	34,193	-	-	5,644	-	39,837
Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	11,965	144	-	(564)	(83)	11,462
Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3)	1,165	-	-	(590)	(17)	558
Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3)	1,038	-	-	(8)	(10)	1,020
Joint ventures						
Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.	74,067	-	-	12,436	410	86,913
Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.	(2,280)	-	-	(943)	1,042	(2,181)
Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4)	79,981	-	(14,650)	6,507	(1,677)	70,161
Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4)	101	-		(619)	111	(407)
Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4)	1,929	10,964	-	(2)	(1,754)	11,137

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Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd. (4) Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (4)	Asset (liability) balance as of December 31, 2014 14 18,383	Capital contributions (2) 3,108	Capital decrease (6)	Share of results (1) (2)	Share of comprehensive income (loss)	Asset (liability) balance as of September 30, 2015 13 12,886
Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd. (4)	14			<u>(1</u>)		13
Total	207,021	<u>14,216</u>	(<u>21,600</u>)	<u>18,046</u>	(2,998)	<u>214,685</u>
Total assets (investments)	222,850					234,000
Total liabilities (accumulated deficit in investments) (1)	(15,829)					(19,315)
	Asset (liability)					Asset (liability)
	balance as of		Capital		Share of	balance as of
	December	Capital	decrease	Share of	comprehensive	September
	31, 2013	increase (5)	(5)	results	income	30, 2014
<u>Associates</u>						
FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A.	(5,035)	-	-	(4,796)	(405)	(10,236)
SBM Espírito do Mar Inc.	27,643	-	-	4,827	-	32,470
Urca Drilling B.V. (3)	7,978	4,141	-	(99)	(3)	12,017
Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (3)	1,008	250	-	(8)	3	1,253
Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. (3)	1,052	-	-	(7)	3	1,048
Joint ventures	60.404			O4 04-		
Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.	60,194	-	-	11,917	51	72,162
Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.	(547)	-		(1,771)	257	(2,061)
Guará Norte S.à.r.l. (4)	58,958	10,155	-	(17)	(4,047)	65,049
Guará Norte Holding Ltd. (4)	4		(20.11.5)	(1)	34	37
Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (4)	22,168	5,325	(23,116)	(3)	(748)	3,626
Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd. (4)	21.044	5 244	(11 222)	(1)	-	15.7(2
Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (4)(7)	21,844	5,244	(11,323)	(3)	-	15,762
Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd. (4) Total	195,267	$\frac{1}{25.117}$	(34,439)	$\frac{(1)}{10,037}$	(4,855)	- 191.127
Total assets (investments)	$\frac{193,267}{200,850}$	<u>43,117</u>	(<u>34,437</u>)	10,037	(<u>4,033</u>)	$\frac{191,127}{203,424}$
Total liabilities (accumulated	200,630					203,424
deficit in investments) (1)	(5,582)	70				(12,297)

- The liability to fund the deficit in FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. and Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd. is recognised in "Other current liabilities".
- (2) Capital contributions have been made considering the Group's participation in each partnership. Therefore, there have been no interest changes in these investees.
- (3) Although the Group has a participation of 15% in Urca Drilling B.V., Bracuhy Drilling B.V. and Mangaratiba Drilling B.V., each, the Group has significant influence over the investees decisions due to the following reasons: (i) the Group's indirect subsidiary, QGOG, will be sole operator of the drilling rigs; (ii) each Urca Drilling B.V., Bracuhy Drilling B.V. and Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. will have 2 (two) directors, and the Group will appoint 1 (one) of them, although these directors will only execute the planning approved by shareholders resolutions; and (iii) some matters that shall be subject to unanimous shareholders approval just with the purpose of investment protection of non-controlling interest.
- (4) The Group jointly controls the entities within the FPSOs Cidade de Ilhabela, Cidade de Maricá and Cidade de Saquarema structures with its partners since all major financial and operational decisions require the unanimous approval of the Directors and Managers representatives of all the shareholders of these entities.
 - The Group has the right to appoint one of five Managers in Luxembourg entities and one of four Directors in Bermuda entities. According to the shareholders agreement, the meetings of the Board of Managers and Board of Directors of Luxembourg and Bermuda entities, respectively, must have a quorum comprised by at least one Manager or one Director appointed by each shareholder, which means that the Manager or the Director appointed by Arazi and or Lancaster Projects Corp. must be present. The Group participates actively in the organization and execution of the operations by seconding personnel to the operating management team in agreed positions.
- (5) Refer to amendments executed in January and February 2014, to the agreements that regulate the Group's relationship with its partners in the FPSOs Cidade de Maricá and Cidade de Saquarema, respectively, in order to change the capital structure of the related projects (Note 8). Previous capital structures of the projects were comprised by 100% of equity contributions.

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- (6) On January 19, 2015, the Group received the amount of US\$13,375 from Guará Norte S.à.r.l., in connection with the payment made by Petrobras related to the acceptance of the FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela. On August 14, 2015, the Group also received the amount of US\$1,275 from Guará Norte S.à.r.l.. On August 27, 2015, the Group received the amount of US\$6,950 from Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l., in connection with the disbursement of the first tranche of the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema loan facility as disclosed in Note 1.
- (7) Of the capital increase in Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. during the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015, US\$2,621 refers to a non-cash transaction (Notes 8.h and 25).

The main activities of the Group's associates are as follows:

FPSO Capixaba

- ✓ FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A. ("Capixaba")'s core business is to support operations for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. Since March 16, 2007, Capixaba is a shareholder of a Brazilian entity, SBM Capixaba Operações Marítimas Ltda, which operates the FPSO Capixaba, currently located off the Brazilian coast and chartered to Petrobras until 2022.
- ✓ SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. ("Espírito do Mar") owns the FPSO Capixaba and its main activity is to support charter agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry.

Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba offshore drilling rigs

- ✓ Urca Drilling B.V. owns the Urca semi-submersible drilling rig, which operation is expected to start in 2016. This offshore drilling rig will be equipped to operate in pre-salt water depths. Upon its construction completion and acceptance by Petrobras, Urca will be chartered to Petrobras until 2031 and QGOG will be its sole operator. As of September 30, 2015, the Group's main capital commitments for the conclusion of Urca offshore drilling rig construction amounts to approximately US\$17 million, corresponding to the ownership interest percentage in this associate (15%).
- ✓ Bracuhy Drilling B.V. owns the Bracuhy semi-submersible drilling rig, which operation is expected to start in 2018. This offshore drilling rig will be equipped to operate in pre-salt water depths. Upon its construction completion and acceptance by Petrobras, Bracuhy will be chartered to Petrobras until 2033 and QGOG will be its sole operator. As of September 30, 2015, the Group's main capital commitments for the conclusion of Bracuhy offshore drilling rig construction amounts to approximately US\$28 million, corresponding to the ownership interest percentage in this associate (15%).
- ✓ Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. owns the Mangaratiba semi-submersible drilling rig, which operation is expected to start in 2019. This offshore drilling rig will be equipped to operate in pre-salt water depths. Upon its construction completion and acceptance by Petrobras, Mangaratiba will be chartered to Petrobras until 2034 and QGOG will be its sole operator. As of September 30, 2015, the Group's main capital commitments for the conclusion of Mangaratiba offshore drilling rig construction amounts to approximately US\$28 million, corresponding to the ownership interest percentage in this associate (15%).

The main activities of the Group's joint ventures are as follows:

FPSO Cidade de Paraty

- ✓ Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l.'s main activity is to act as a sub-charter party for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. The entity charters the FPSO Cidade de Paraty to Petrobras until 2033, which is currently located off the Brazilian coast. Operations started in June 2013.
- ✓ Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd.'s main activity is to support operations for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. This entity is a shareholder of a Brazilian entity, Tupi Nordeste Operações Marítimas Ltda., which operates the FPSO Cidade de Paraty to Petrobras until 2033.

FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela

- ✓ Guará Norte S.à.r.l.'s main activity is to act as a sub-charter party for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. The entity charters the FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela to Petrobras until 2034, which is currently located off the Brazilian coast. Operations started in November 2014.
- ✓ Guará Norte Holding Ltd.'s main activity is to support operations for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. This entity is a shareholder of a Brazilian entity, Guará Norte Operações Marítimas Ltda., which operates the FPSO Cidade de Ilhabela to Petrobras for a twenty-year period.

FPSO Cidade de Maricá

✓ Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. owns the FPSO Cidade de Maricá, which is expected to be delivered and start its operations in the first quarter of 2016. On July 12, 2013, the Group entered into a 20-year agreement to charter the FPSO Cidade de Maricá to the Consortium BM-S-11. As of September 30, 2015, the Group has future capital commitments amounting to US\$5 million for the FPSO Cidade de Maricá construction conclusion.

On July 28, 2014, the Group and its partners SBM Inc., Mitsubishi and NYK Line, through the joint venture Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l., signed a loan agreement amounting to US\$1.45 billion with a pool of international commercial banks, in order to finance the construction of the FPSO Cidade de Maricá. The loan agreement was structured as a Limited Recourse Project Finance and will be repaid on a quarterly basis as from April 2016 over a period ending December 2029. Until September 30, 2015, Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. disbursed US\$1.2 billion and with part of the proceeds repaid the full amount of the shareholders loan and part of the capital contributions made by the Group (Notes 8 and 9).

The financing obtained by Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. in order to finance the construction of the FPSO Cidade de Maricá was structured as a Project Finance, therefore benefiting from a customary security package and, exclusively during the pre-completion period, corporate guarantees that are provided by the sponsors of the project loan, up to the limit of its participation in Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l..

During the pre-completion period, the financing obtained by Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. is subject to financial covenants. Non compliance with such financial covenants could constitute an event of default under the project loan, which would result in the acceleration of debt repayment and the borrower entity not being allowed to pay dividends, purchase, retire or otherwise distribute capital stock and make certain payments to related parties.

The financial covenants consist of: (i) a minimum requirement of Consolidated Tangible Net Worth; (ii) a minimum requirement of Consolidated Cash and Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities; (iii) Interest Cover Ratio, that requires maintenance of a minimum Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA to Consolidated Net Interest Payable ratio; (iv) Leverage Ratio, which requires a maximum ratio of Consolidated Net Total Borrowings to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA. Consolidated refers to the Group.

The financial covenants are assessed semi-annually based on the consolidated financial statements as of December 31 and June 30 of each year. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Group was in compliance with such restrictive clauses.

✓ Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd.'s main activity will be the support operations for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. This entity is a shareholder of a Brazilian entity, Alfa Lula Alto Operações Marítimas Ltda., which will operate the FPSO Cidade de Maricá to Petrobras for a 20-year period.

FPSO Cidade de Saquarema

✓ Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. owns the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema, which is expected to be delivered and start its operations in the first quarter of 2016. On July 12, 2013, the Group entered into a 20-year agreement to charter the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema to the Consortium BM-S-11. As of September 30, 2015, the Group has capital commitments amounting to US\$4 million for the conclusion of the construction of the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema.

On July 27, 2015, the Group and its partners SBM Inc., Mitsubishi and NYK Line, through the joint venture Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l., signed a loan agreement amounting to US\$1.55 billion with a pool of international commercial banks, in order to finance the construction of the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema. The loan agreement was structured as a Limited Recourse Project Finance and will be repaid on a quarterly basis as from September 2016 over a period ending June 2030. Until September 30, 2015, Beta Lula Central S.á.r.l. disbursed US\$1.3 billion and with part of the proceeds repaid the full amount of the shareholders loan and part of the capital contributions made by the Group (Notes 8 and 9).

The financing obtained by Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. in order to finance the construction of the FPSO Cidade de Saquarema was structured as a Project Finance, therefore benefiting from a customary security package and, exclusively during the pre-completion period, corporate guarantees that are provided by the sponsors of the project loan, up to the limit of its participation in Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l..

During the pre-completion period, the financing obtained by Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. is subject to financial covenants. Non compliance with such financial covenants could constitute an event of default under the project loan, which would result in the acceleration of debt repayment and the borrower entity not being allowed to pay dividends, purchase, retire or otherwise distribute capital stock and make certain payments to related parties.

The financial covenants consist of: (i) a minimum requirement of Consolidated Tangible Net Worth; (ii) a minimum requirement of Consolidated Cash and Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities; (iii) Interest Cover Ratio, that requires maintenance of a minimum Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA to Consolidated Net Interest Payable ratio; (iv) Leverage Ratio, which requires a maximum ratio of Consolidated Net Total Borrowings to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA. Consolidated refers to the Group.

The financial covenants are assessed semi-annually based on the consolidated financial statements as of December 31 and June 30 of each year. The first financial covenants measurement for this agreement will be based on the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2015.

✓ Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd.'s main activity will be the support operations for agreements in the offshore oil and gas industry. This entity is a shareholder of a Brazilian entity, Beta Lula Central Operações Marítimas Ltda., which will operate the FPSO Cidade de Maricá to Petrobras for a 20-year period.

Additionally, the Group has the right to acquire from SBM Lux an additional participation of 5% in Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l., Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd., Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. and Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd. within fifteen days of the FPSOs final acceptance, based on the capital invested by SBM Lux plus interest of 8% p.a.

Other matters regarding the Group's investments

Partnership with SBM Offshore N.V. - Contingent Liability

The Company, through its subsidiaries, is a minority shareholder in the following associate and joint venture entities with SBM Offshore N.V. ("SBM Offshore") and its subsidiaries: FPSO Capixaba Venture S.A., SBM Espírito do Mar Inc., Tupi Nordeste S.à.r.l., Tupi Nordeste Holding Ltd., Guará Norte S.à.r.l, Guará Norte Holding Ltd., Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l., Alfa Lula Alto Holding Ltd., Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. and Beta Lula Central Holding Ltd.. The majority shareholder is SBM Offshore.

In November 2014, SBM Offshore announced that it had reached an out-of-court settlement agreement with the *Openbaar Ministerie* (Dutch Public Prosecutor's Office) over the inquiry into alleged improper payments to sales agents in Equatorial Guinea, Angola and Brazil in the period from 2007 through 2011, which consists of a payment by SBM Offshore to the *Openbaar Ministerie* of US\$240 million.

In February 2015, SBM Offshore announced that is a party in a number of investigations of alleged improper payments to Brazilian government officials, notably by *Ministério Público Federal* - MPF (Federal Public Prosecutor's Office), *Tribunal de Contas da União* - TCU (Federal Accounts Tribunal) and CGU. In March 2015, it announced that had signed a Memorandum of Understanding with CGU and *Advocacia-Geral da União* - AGU (Attorney General's Office), that sets a framework between SBM Offshore, CGU and AGU for discussions on a potential mutually acceptable settlement and for the disclosure by SBM Offshore of information relevant to the CGU's investigations.

At this stage, it is not possible to predict the outcome of this settlement by SBM Offshore with the Brazilian authorities. The confirmation of failure to comply with anti-corruption laws may rise criminal prosecution by local authorities, civil claims or administrative proceedings against SBM Offshore and its subsidiaries. As of the date of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the impact, if any, of this matter on the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Partnership with Sete Brasil

The Company, through one of its subsidiaries, is a minority shareholder in the following associate entities with Sete Brasil's subsidiaries: Urca Drilling B.V. ("Urca"), Bracuhy Drilling B.V. ("Bracuhy") and Mangaratiba Drilling B.V. ("Mangaratiba"). The majority shareholder is Sete International One GmbH, a subsidiary of Sete Brasil.

Sete Brasil is currently under negotiations with financial institutions to obtain long-term resources to meet Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba's existing obligations as of September 30, 2015. These resources are required to complete the construction of Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba drilling rigs. The completion of such negotiations depends on the fulfillment of certain precedent conditions, which indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba's ability to continue as a going concern. Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba's Management considers it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis as pre-operating costs will be recovered through future revenues to be generated by the drilling rigs' operation and the concluded charter agreement with Petrobras.

To date the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the reviewed interim financial information for the periods ended March 31, June 30, and September 30, 2015, of Urca, Bracuhy and Mangaratiba have not been issued.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

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			Drilling rigs and drillships in operation (2)										
			Drillships				Offshore d	rilling rigs			Onshore		
	Drillship under construction (1)	Brava Star	Amaralina Star	Laguna Star	Alaskan Star	Atlantic Star	Alpha Star	Gold Star	Lone Star	Olinda Star	drilling rigs, equipment and bases	Corporate	Total
Cost Balance as of December 31, 2013 Additions Disposals Currency translation adjustments Balance as of September 30, 2014	237,056 355,459 - 592,515		639,435 6,068 	648,258 1,991 - - - - 650,249	378,480 733 - 379,213	344,367 413 - 344,780	721,214 774 - - 721,988	537,949 2,581 - - 540,530	640,477 7,581 - - - - 648,058	532,319 9,899 - - - 542,218	173,277 11,863 - (4,474) 180,666	28,831 1,500 (96) (715) 29,520	4,881,663 398,862 (96) (5,189) 5,275,240
Balance as of December 31, 2014 Additions Disposals Transfers Currency translation adjustments Balance as of September 30, 2015	631,712 56,881 (688,593)	688,593 688,593	645,409 2,633 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	650,567 4,175 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	379,191 281 - - - 379,472	344,814 1,105 - - - 345,919	721,906 582 - - - 722,488	542,916 29,011 - - - 571,927	648,264 7,968 - - - - 656,232	542,886 13,531 - - - 556,417	176,665 (768) - (28,208) 147,689	29,046 539 (245) - (4,789) 24,551	5,313,376 115,938 (245) - (32,997) 5,396,072
Accumulated depreciation Balance as of December 31, 2013 Depreciation Disposals Currency translation adjustments Balance as of September 30, 2014	- - - -	- - - -	(32,553) (19,592) - - (52,145)	(28,412) (19,709) - - - (48,121)	(84,074) (12,294) - - (96,368)	(91,507) (11,049) - (<u>102,556</u>)	(75,429) (19,349) - - (94,778)	(88,761) (15,120) - (<u>103,881</u>)	(82,834) (18,947) - (<u>101,781</u>)	(104,367) (16,922) - (<u>121,289</u>)	(75,183) (9,320) - 2,437 (82,066)	$ \begin{array}{c} (16,909) \\ (1,411) \\ 66 \\ \underline{342} \\ (\underline{17,912}) \end{array} $	(680,029) (143,713) 66 2,779 (820,897)
Balance as of December 31, 2014 Depreciation Disposals Currency translation adjustments Balance as of September 30, 2015	- - - 	(2,582) - - - - (2,582)	(58,692) (19,662) - - - (78,354)	(54,699) (19,752) - - - (74,451)	(100,477) (12,258) - (<u>112,735</u>)	(106,244) (11,071) - (<u>117,315</u>)	(101,239) (19,396) - (<u>120,635</u>)	(108,957) (16,075) - (<u>125,032</u>)	(108,395) (19,876) - (<u>128,271</u>)	(126,936) (17,722) - (<u>144,658</u>)	(81,069) (8,018) - 16,655 <u>(72,432</u>)	(17,800) (1,710) 195 <u>2,363</u> (<u>16,952</u>)	(864,508) (148,122) 195 19,018 (993,417)
Property, plant and equipment, net													
December 31, 2014 September 30, 2015 Average useful life (years)	631,712	686,011 23	586,717 569,688 25	595,868 580,291 25	278,714 266,737 23	238,570 228,604 23	620,667 601,853 28	433,959 446,895 27	539,869 527,961 26	415,950 411,759 24	95,596 75,257 17	11,246 7,599 15	4,448,868 4,402,655

⁽¹⁾ The balance of the drillship under construction as of December 31, 2014 refers to the costs incurred in the Brava Star drillship construction.

Borrowing costs are capitalized considering the effective interest rates of each financing agreement. For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, borrowing costs capitalized in PP&E totaled US\$13,890 and US\$10,106, respectively (Notes 11, 15 and 25).

⁽²⁾ The Group's assets that are pledged as security for financing agreements are also described in Note 11.

11. LOANS AND FINANCINGS

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Financial institution	Funding type	Objective	Beginning period	Maturity	Contractual interest rate	Effective interest rate	Original currency	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
r manetar mstitution	runding type	Objective	periou	Maturity	Tate	interest rate	currency	2013	2014
Santander, HSBC, Citibank (joint	Senior Notes	Refinance Alaskan Star and Atlantic Star rigs, and other							
bookrunners)	("Project Bond")	corporate purposes	Jul 2011	Jul 2018	5.25%p.a.	5.55%p.a.	U.S. dollar	319,535	369,351
HSBC, BAML and Citibank (joint	Senior Unsecured Notes	Prepay working	341 2011	341 2010	3.2370p.a.	5.557 o p.a.	C.S. donai	317,333	307,331
bookrunners)	("Corporate Bond")	capital loans	Nov 2012	Nov 2019	6.25%p.a.	6.86%p.a.	U.S. dollar	705,907	692,919
booki dimers)	(Corporate Bond)	Cupital louis	1107 2012	1107 2017	0.237 0 p.a.	Subtotal - fixed		$\frac{705,507}{1,025,442}$	$\frac{0.02,019}{1,062,270}$
						Subtotal HACC	i interest rate	1,023,442	1,002,270
Bradesco	Loan	Working capital	Sep 2014	May 2017	Libor+3.05%p.a.	3.05%p.a.	U.S. dollar	150,842	55,568
Bradesco	Loan	Working capital	Jan 2015	Jan 2017	Libor+4.80%p.a.	5.16%p.a.	U.S. dollar	75,670	
					Subtotal	- variable inter	est rate loans	226,512	55,568
					Libor+1.15%p.a. to				
ING (leader arranger)	Financing	Gold Star rig construction ⁽¹⁾	Jul 2007	Dec 2017	Libor+1.35%p.a. ⁽²⁾	1.45%p.a.	U.S. dollar	139,449	190,324
ING (leader arranger)	Financing	Lone Star rig construction ⁽³⁾	Jul 2007	Jan 2015	Libor+1.15%p.a.	1.38%p.a.	U.S. dollar	-	95,278
Citibank and Santander (joint leader									
arrangers)	Financing	Alpha Star rig construction	Apr 2011	Jul 2017	Libor+2.50%p.a.	3.57%p.a.	U.S. dollar	277,721	329,437
BNP, Citi and ING (leader arrangers)									
and The Norwegian Ministry of Trade		Amaralina Star drillship							
and Industry ("MTI")	Financing	construction	May 2012	Oct 2018 ⁽⁴⁾	Libor+2.75%	3.93%p.a.	U.S. dollar	309,278	347,522
BNP, Citi and ING (leader arrangers)									
and The Norwegian Ministry of Trade		Laguna Star drillship							
and Industry ("MTI")	Financing	construction	May 2012	Dec 2018 ⁽⁴⁾	Libor+2.75%	4.09%p.a.	U.S. dollar	316,282	354,328
BNP, Citi, ING and DNB and		Brava Star drillship							
Eksportkreditt Norge ("EKN")	Financing	construction	May 2015	Sep 2020 ⁽⁵⁾	Libor+2.00%	3.64%p.a.	U.S. dollar	457,483	_
	_				Subtotal - vai	riable interest ra	te financings	1,500,213	1,316,889
							Total	2,752,167	2,434,727
							Current	398,782	417,979
							Non-current	2,353,385	2,016,748

⁽¹⁾ The repayment proceeds of this financing derive from the charter receivables of the Lone Star offshore drilling rig.

⁽²⁾ The interest rate is Libor plus 1.15% p.a. until the 5th anniversary as from the first principal repayment and thereafter is Libor plus 1.35% p.a.

⁽³⁾ The repayment proceeds of this financing derive from the charter receivables of the Gold Star offshore drilling rig.

⁽⁴⁾ The maturity dates for MTI tranches for Amaralina Star and Laguna Star project financings are December 2020 and January 2021, respectively. The maturity dates would be anticipated for October 2018 and December 2018 for Amaralina Star and Laguna Star MTI tranches, respectively, if the commercial banks do not extend the maturity date of their financings to December 2020 and January 2021, respectively.

⁽⁵⁾ The maturity date for EKN tranche of Brava Star project financing is September 2025. Such maturity date would be anticipated for September 2020, if the commercial banks do not extend the maturity date of their financings to September 2025.

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a) Changes in loans and financings

	Nine-mon	Nine-month period		
	ended Sept	ended September 30,		
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>		
Balance as of January 1	2,434,727	3,003,258		
Additions (*)	634,396	55,000		
Transaction costs (*)	(8,453)	<u></u>		
Proceeds from loans and financings, net of transaction costs	625,943	55,000		
Principal repayment	(332,363)	(495,294)		
Interest capitalized	12,521	10,106		
Interest payment	<u>(63,467</u>)	<u>(67,514</u>)		
Subtotal	<u>2,677,361</u>	<u>2,505,556</u>		
Interest charged through profit and loss	67,767	72,107		
Transaction cost charged through profit and loss	5,559	5,869		
Debt discounts charged through profit and loss	1,480	1,618		
Financial charges on loans and financings	74,806	79,594		
Balance as of September 30	<u>2,752,167</u>	<u>2,585,150</u>		

(*) Brava Star drillship loan facility and working capital credit lines.

On November 21, 2014, the Company, through its subsidiary Brava Star Ltd., signed a loan agreement amounting to US\$475 million with a pool of international commercial banks and export credit agencies in order to finance the construction of the Brava Star drillship. The loan agreement was structured as a Limited Recourse Project Finance to be repaid over a 5-year period bearing interest rate at LIBOR plus 2% p.a. Of such loan facility, US\$464,396 (US\$458,105, net of transaction costs) was disbursed on May 26, 2015, in connection to milestone payments based upon the drillship delivery by Samsung (Note 12).

In January 2015, the Group used the remaining balance of the credit line with Bradesco amounting to US\$95 million and signed another working capital credit line agreement with the same financial institution, which amounts to US\$75 million, with a 2-year term bearing interest rate at LIBOR plus 4.80% p.a. The Group fully used this credit line.

b) Loans and financings long term amortization schedule

	Loans and	Transaction	Debt	Net
For the years ending December 31,	financing	costs	discounts	amount
2016	126,098	(1,891)	(417)	123,790
2017	724,289	(6,689)	(1,596)	716,104
2018	512,268	(5,677)	(1,455)	505,136
2019	746,439	(2,735)	(1,191)	742,513
2020	267,028	<u>(1,186</u>)	<u></u>	265,842
Total	2,376,122	(<u>18,078</u>)	(<u>4,659</u>)	<u>2,353,385</u>

c) Covenants

The financing agreements contain financial covenants and securities provided to lenders as described hereafter. Non compliance with such financial covenants could constitute a Restricted Payment Trigger Event, which would result in the borrower entity not being allowed to pay dividends, purchase, retire or otherwise distribute capital stock or make certain payments to related parties.

The financial covenants consist of: (i) a minimum requirement of Consolidated Tangible Net Worth; (ii) a minimum requirement of Consolidated Cash and Cash Equivalents and Marketable Securities; (iii) Interest Cover Ratio, that requires maintenance of a minimum Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA to Consolidated Net Interest Payable ratio (which calculations are subject to defined adjustments mainly related to borrowings to Project Finance); and (iv) Leverage Ratio, which requires a maximum ratio of Consolidated Net Total Borrowings to Consolidated Adjusted EBITDA (which calculations are subject to defined adjustments mainly related to borrowings to Project Finance). Consolidated refers to the Group.

The financial covenants are assessed semi-annually based on the consolidated financial statements as of December 31 and June 30 of each year. As of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Group was in compliance with such restrictive clauses.

The indenture governing the Corporate Bond contains certain financial covenants that limit the Group's ability to incur in additional indebtedness. The financial covenants are measured on the four most recent fiscal quarters for which financial statements are available and consist of: (i) Unconsolidated Interest Coverage Ratio and (ii) Consolidated Net Leverage Ratio. These financial covenants are not required to be measured on a regular basis and shall be assessed whenever additional indebtedness is envisaged to be incurred by the Group, as required under the indenture.

d) Guarantees

The financings obtained by the Group in order to finance the construction of the drilling rigs, drillships and for other corporate purposes are usually structured as Project Finance/Project Bond, therefore benefiting from a customary security package that includes guarantees such as assignment of the charter receivables, mortgages over the drilling rigs and drillships, pledges over the shares of the drilling rigs owners, charges over the relevant bank accounts held at the facility agents, including accounts into which the amounts payable under charter agreement are required to be paid, assignment of the relevant insurances along with corporate guarantees during pre-completion period. In addition, the terms of some of these financing debt instruments restrict the ability of project subsidiaries, to pay dividends, incur additional debt, grant additional liens, sell or dispose assets and enter into certain acquisitions, mergers and consolidations, except as already established in such financing debt instruments.

The aforementioned conditions are applied to the following offshore drilling rigs financings: Gold Star, Alpha Star, Alaskan Star and Atlantic Star; and the Project Financing of Amaralina Star, Laguna Star and Brava Star drillships.

The Corporate Bond issued on November 9, 2012 is guaranteed on a senior unsecured basis by Constellation. In addition, the Company had established an interest reserve account in favor of the collateral agent, which is fully funded by cash and/or letters of credit in an amount sufficient to provide for the payment of the next two succeeding interest payments. The Company decided to release the letter of credit related to such interest reserve account, in compliance with the Corporate Bond documentation and considering the Company's consistent deleveraging since the Corporate Bond's issuance. This release occurred on June 26, 2015.

e) Credit lines

Regarding the loan agreement to finance the construction of the Brava Star drillship (Note 11.a), the Group has a remaining credit line of US\$10,604 to disburse. The Group has a time limit to disburse the aforementioned remaining amount until December 2015.

12. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

The drillship under mobilization is recorded considering the incurred costs of the related project based on information provided by Samsung shippard and other suppliers. These costs are recognized in PP&E and the respective amounts of unbilled costs are recognized as accrued liabilities, as follows:

		September 30,	December 31,
	. 0	2015	2014
Drillship under mobilization:			
Brava Star drillship		<u>-</u>	390,697
Total		_	<u>390,697</u>

In May 2015, in connection with Brava Star drillship's project financing disbursement (Note 11.a), the Group fully paid the amounts due to Samsung and other suppliers.

13. PROVISIONS

In the normal course of its business, the Group engages in agreements with third parties that convey contractual obligations. The Group recognises provisions for contractual penalties that are more likely than not to be payable with respect to certain of its agreements, for which the Company's Management does not expect the payable amount to materially differ from the estimate.

	Nine-month period		
	ended September 30,		
	2015	2014	
Balance as of January 1	1,551	7,525	
Brava Star penalty provision addition (*)	3,318	-	
Currency translation adjustments	<u>(317</u>)		
Balance as of September 30	<u>4,552</u>	<u>7,525</u>	

(*) Refers to the confirmation of the delivery date of Brava Star offshore drilling rig to Petrobras.

14. PROVISION FOR CONTINGENCIES

a) Contingent assets

The Group has not recognised contingent assets.

b) Contingent liabilities assessed as probable losses

During the normal course of its business activities, the Group is exposed to labor, civil and tax claims. Regarding each claim or exposure, Management has assessed the probability that the resolution of the matter would ultimately result in a loss for the Group. Therefore, based on such assessment provisions to cover probable losses arising from labor claims were recorded. As of September 30, 2015 provisions included in "other non-current liabilities" balance are mainly related to labor claims (hardship and retirement).

Changes in loss provision for labor claims are as follows:

		Nine-month period	
		ended September 30,	
	0	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Balance as of January 1		1,355	924
Additions	.6	343	669
Reversals		(353)	(321)
Currency translation adjustments		<u>(446</u>)	(64)
Balance as of September 30	0	899	<u>1,208</u>

c) Contingent liabilities assessed as possible losses

Based on the in-house legal counsel and external legal advisors' opinions, these claims are not accrued in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and consist of labor lawsuits (mainly comprised by compensation due to work related accidents and occupational diseases) in the amount of US\$12,726 (US\$11,969 as of December 31, 2014), tax lawsuits in the amount of US\$20,555 (US\$5,356 as of December 31, 2014) and civil lawsuits in the amount of US\$5,549 (US\$9,006 as of December 31, 2014).

The main tax lawsuits assessed as possible losses are as follows:

- i. On September 15, 2010, QGOG received a Notice of Violation issued by the Rio de Janeiro tax authorities due to nonpayment of Services Tax ("ISS") in the city of Rio de Janeiro. QGOG argues, on appeal, that the operations were carried out in other municipalities and the taxes were collected under their tax jurisdictions (ISS due to the site of the service provider). As of September 30, 2015, the estimated amount involved is US\$3,352 (US\$4,427 as of December 31, 2014).
- ii. On January 22, 2015, QGOG received a Notice of Violation issued by the *Receita Federal do Brasil* RFB ("Brazilian Internal Revenue Service") related to Social Integration Program ("PIS") and Social Investment Program ("COFINS") collected in the years 2010 and 2011. The RFB initiated a Tax Administrative Process, whereby requires QGOG to make tax payments, due to the fact that the RFB considered that QGOG made use of improper tax credits aiming to reduce its PIS and COFINS obligations. On February 23, 2015, QGOG argued on appeal in order to contest RFB's tax assessment. As of September 30, 2015, the estimated amount involved is US\$16,385.

The main civil lawsuits assessed as possible loss refer to litigations with HRT related to the early termination of the agreements related to QG-VIII and QG-IX onshore drilling rigs (Note 6). In the judicial dispute, the Group seeks payment of the invoices related to April, May and June 2014, payment of loss and damages, and the return of such onshore drilling rigs to its possession, while HRT seeks the repayment of the amounts advanced to the Group. HRT has already returned the onshore drilling rigs to the Company's possession. As of September 30, 2015, the estimated amount involved is US\$5,515 (US\$8,249 as of December 31, 2014). On October 20, 2015, the *Tribunal de Justiça do Rio de Janeiro* ("Rio de Janeiro Court") demanded the Company to make a judicial deposit in the amount of R\$13.2 million (corresponding to approximately US\$3.3 million) related to the advance received from HRT. The Company is proceeding with the deposit, while is contesting such decision.

d) Tax, labor and social security matters

The Group enters into transactions and operations that may be interpreted by third parties subjectively and/or as opposed to the Group's position. Nevertheless, the Group's actions are supported by its external legal advisors' opinion.

e) Other matters

Petrobras withholding taxes

In July 2014, the Group received letters from Petrobras informing that the RFB issued Notices of Violation against Petrobras regarding the absence of withholding income taxes from charter agreements remittances in 2008 and 2009, related to Atlantic Star and Alaskan Star offshore drilling rigs. Petrobras indicated that is currently contesting the Notices of Violation issued by the RFB, but if the losses on ongoing appeals are confirmed, it will seek the recoverability of such losses from its contractors, including the Group, and any penalties, interest and fees that would be required to settle the debt with the RFB. Petrobras has informed that the amount involved related to the work performed by the Group amounts to R\$152 million, excluding penalties, interest and fees. The Group has contested Petrobras' allegations in a response letter stating that Petrobras "has no legal or commercial grounds to seek recoverability from the Group" and that "will not accept any withholding or deduction of the amounts to be received under the charter agreements". Should Petrobras fail on its appeals and, consequently, the Group receives any future charges aiming the reimbursement of Petrobras' losses, the Group will contest such charges.

15. DERIVATIVES

Under the terms of the Project Finance arrangements (Note 11), the Group is contractually required to manage its risk on variable interest rates by eliminating variable-to-fixed interest rate swaps on its long-term variable rate loans. Accordingly, in order to mitigate such risk, interest rate swaps are used to convert the variable component of interest rates to fixed rates ranging from 1.505% p.a. to 5.165% p.a.. The floating component of interest rate of all derivatives agreements is US\$ LIBOR.

These swaps protect the Group from fluctuations in interest rates. As of September 30, 2015, the Group has interest rate swaps related to the loans funding Gold Star and Alpha Star offshore drilling rigs, and Amaralina Star, Laguna Star and Brava Star drillships. The swap agreements cover the expected periods of the loans and terminate between 2015 and 2020.

<u>Information on derivative agreements</u>

	Loans and	Payable leg	N	otional amou	nt	Fair	value
Financial institution	financings objective	interest rate (per annum)	Maturity	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014	Sep.30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
ING financing	Gold Star						
(leader arranger)	construction	5.165%	Jul 2017	114,653	154,633	6,020	10,504
ING financing	Lone Star						
(leader arranger)	construction	1.505%	Jan 2015	-	71,250	-	229
Citibank and Santander financing	Alpha Star						
(joint leader arranger)	construction	1.930%	Jul 2017	280,600	332,312	5,549	6,736
	No	n-designated to hedg	ge accounting	395,253	558,195	11,569	17,469
BNP, Citibank and ING financing (joint leader arranger) (*)	Amaralina Star construction	2.815%	Oct 2018	318,688	357,279	14,461	15,648
BNP, Citibank and ING financing	Laguna Star	2.015/0	OCT 2010	310,000	331,217	14,401	13,040
(joint leader arranger) (*)	construction	2.900%	Dec 2018	326,481	364,549	15,940	17,076
BNP, Citi, ING financing and DNB	Brava Star			, -	, ,	- ,-	.,
(mandated leader arranger) (*)	construction	1.788%	Sep 2020	214,380	_	5,165	_
BNP, ING financing	Brava Star		•	,		,	
(mandated leader arranger) (*)	construction	1.838%	Sep 2020	213,120	-	5,564	-
,		Designated to hedg	ge accounting	1,072,669	721,828	41,130	32,724
		Curr	Total amount ent liabilities ent liabilities	<u>1,467,922</u>	<u>1,280,023</u>	52,699 33,100 19,599	50,193 28,445 21,748

	Nine-month period	
	ended Septer	mber 30,
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Balance as of January 1,	50,193	78,389
Fair value adjustments capitalized	1,369	-
Fair value adjustments through profit and loss	5,791	4,675
Fair value adjustments through other comprehensive income (loss) ^(*)	18,910	3,423
Cash payments	(23,564)	(33,445)
Balance as of September 30,	<u>52,699</u>	<u>53,042</u>

(*) The Group has adopted the hedge accounting as from July 15, 2011, using derivative agreements related to Amaralina Star and Laguna Star drillships construction. The Group has adopted the hedge accounting using the derivative agreement related to Brava Star drillship construction as from June 4, 2015. Additional information on these instruments is included in Note 22. Accordingly, the effect of the changes in the fair value of the derivative agreements designated to hedge accounting are recorded in "Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)" until the completion of the construction of the unit and the disbursement of the related financing agreement. At the completion date of construction of the unit, the fair value adjustments balance recognised in "Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)" are capitalized.

Interest rate swap agreements exchanging variable interest rates for fixed interest rates are designated and effective as fair value hedges in respect of interest rates. During the periods presented, the hedge was effective in hedging the fair value.

Derivative agreements designated as cash flow hedges

Under interest rate swap agreements, the Group agrees to exchange the differences between fixed and variable rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such agreements enable the Group to mitigate the risk of cash flow exposures on the issued variable rate debt. The fair value of the interest rate swap at the end of the reporting period is determined by discounting the future cash flows using the yield curves, as disclosed below.

In connection with the project financings (Note 11) for the construction of Amaralina Star, Laguna Star and Brava Star drillships, the Group has a contractual commitment with the same financial institutions to contract derivatives as hedging instrument of the debt in relation to changes in LIBOR. Accordingly, the Group has swap agreements in connection with the rates, spreads, notional, terms and debt cash flows. The swap agreements were contracted in July 2011 and June 2015 and follow the related project financings terms.

16. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

a. Share capital

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, the Company's share capital amounts to US\$63,200 comprised by 189,227,364 ordinary shares, with no par value, as follows:

		Rights over the amounts			
Shareholders	Ordinary shares	Capital	Share premium	Total	
QGOG International	140,293,142	46,857	568,328	615,185	
Constellation Coinvestment S.à.r.l.	15,570,123	5,200	63,075	68,275	
Constellation Holding S.à.r.l.	17,739,099	5,925	71,861	77,786	
CGPE VI L.P.	303,125	101	1,228	1,329	
CIPEF VI QGOG S.à.r.l.	15,321,875	5,117	62,069	67,186	
Total	189,227,364	63,200	766,561	829,761	

The Company's ultimate controlling party is the Queiroz Galvão family.

b. Legal reserve

In accordance with Luxembourg Corporate Law, the shareholders of a *société anonyme* must allocate 5% of the Company's annual profit of its individual financial information, after deduction of any losses brought forward from previous years, to the minimum legal reserve. Such allocation must consider the Company's individual financial statements prepared in accordance with Luxembourg Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("LuxGAAP").

The above mentioned requirement will only cease when the legal reserve reaches an amount equivalent to 10% of the Company's issued share capital. Additionally, this reserve may not be distributed in the form of cash dividends, or otherwise, during the Company's existence. The appropriation to legal reserve becomes effective after approval at the general shareholders meeting.

c. Dividend policy

The Company's Board of Directors approved a dividend policy, which sets a regular dividend annually payable, with a minimum payout ratio of 25%, based on the previous year's earnings, subject to: (i) compliance with covenants under the Group's existing financing agreements; (ii) maintaining targeted net debt/EBITDA ratios lower than 4.5:1.0 by the end of 2015, lower than 3.5:1.0 by the end of 2016, and lower than 3.0:1.0 by the end of 2018 and thereafter; and (iii) Board of Directors' approval.

Additionally, any dividends paid by the Company will be subject to a Luxembourg withholding tax rate of 15% (17.65% if the dividend tax is not charged to the shareholder), subject to the exceptions provided by the Luxembourg tax law or by double tax treaties concluded by the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg and the country of the shareholders tax residency.

The withholding tax must be withheld from the gross distribution and paid to the Luxembourg tax authorities.

In December 2014, the Company's Board of Directors resolved that no dividends should be paid to the shareholders based on the profit for the year ended December 31, 2014.

d. Other Comprehensive Items (OCI)

Cash flow hedging reserve

The hedging reserve consists of the effective portion of cash flow hedging instruments related to hedged financing transactions.

Foreign currency translation adjustments reserve

Atendiments

The currency translation adjustments reserve is used to record exchange adjustments arising from the translation of foreign subsidiaries' financial information.

Changes in Other Comprehensive Items

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Changes in comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

Cash flow	hedge	fair value	adjustments	attributable to

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	Owners of	Non-controlling		Share of investments other comprehensive	Currency translation	
	the Group	interests	Total	income (loss)	adjustments	Total
Balance as of June 30, 2014	2,386	1,954	4,340	(12,928)	15,972	7,384
Fair value adjustment on derivative agreements	1,284	1,051	2,335	-	-	2,335
Fair value adjustment on joint ventures' derivative agreements	-	-	-	567	-	567
Fair value adjustment on associates' financial assets	-	-	-	(11)	-	(11)
Exchange differences on investments arising during the period	-	-	-	507	-	507
Exchange differences arising during the period					<u>(7,585</u>)	<u>(7,585</u>)
Balance as of September 30, 2014	3,670	<u>3,005</u>	6,675	(<u>11,864</u>)	8,387	3,198
Balance as of June 30, 2015	(4,783)	(1,564)	(6,347)	(13,062)	(6,958)	(26,367)
Fair value adjustment on derivative agreements	(8,255)	(2,110)	(10,365)	-	-	(10,365)
Fair value adjustment on joint ventures' derivative agreements	-	=	-	(5,564)	-	(5,564)
Fair value adjustment on associates' financial assets	-	-	-	(73)	-	(73)
Exchange differences on investments arising during the period	-	-	-	371	-	371
Exchange differences arising during the period					(12,113)	(<u>12,113</u>)
Balance as of September 30, 2015	(<u>13,038</u>)	(<u>3,674</u>)	(<u>16,712</u>)	(<u>18,328</u>)	(<u>19,071</u>)	(<u>54,111</u>)

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Changes in comprehensive income for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

- 4	Cast	Cl	1	C-:	.1	 attributable to	

	Cash now neug	c ian value aujustinent	s attributable to			
Pil	Owners of	Non-controlling	T-4-1	Share of investments other comprehensive	Currency translation	T-4-1
	the Group	interests	Total	income (loss)	adjustments	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2013	5,553	4,545	10,098	(7,009)	12,237	15,326
Fair value adjustment on derivative agreements	(1,883)	(1,540)	(3,423)	-	-	(3,423)
Fair value adjustment on joint ventures' derivative agreements	_	-	-	(4,745)	_	(4,745)
Fair value adjustment on associates' financial assets	-	-	-	4	_	4
Exchange differences on investments arising during the period	_	_	_	(114)	_	(114)
Exchange differences arising during the period	-	-	-		<u>(3,850</u>)	(3,850)
Balance as of September 30, 2014	<u>3,670</u>	<u>3,005</u>	6,675	(<u>11,864</u>)	8,387	3,198
Balance as of December 31, 2014	1,208	990	2,198	(15,330)	3,032	(10,100)
Fair value adjustment on derivative agreements	(14,246)	(4,664)	(18,910)	-	-	(18,910)
Fair value adjustment on joint ventures' derivative agreements	-	-	-	(4,674)	-	(4,674)
Fair value adjustment on associates' financial assets	-	-	-	(110)	-	(110)
Exchange differences on investments arising during the period	-	-	-	1,786	_	1,786
Exchange differences arising during the period		-		_	(<u>22,103</u>)	(22,103)
Balance as of September 30, 2015	(<u>13,038</u>)	(<u>3,674</u>)	(<u>16,712</u>)	(<u>18,328</u>)	(<u>19,071</u>)	(<u>54,111</u>)

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e. Non-controlling interests

The Group's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements include Amaralina Cooperatief U.A., Amaralina Star Ltd., Laguna Cooperatief U.A., Laguna Star Ltd., Manisa Serviços de Petróleo Ltda., Palase C.V., Podocarpus C.V. and Tarsus Serviços de Petróleo Ltda., whose share capital is 55% owned by the Group. The portion of such entities total shareholders' equity not attributable to the Group is included in noncontrolling interests.

f. Profit per share

Basic and diluted profit per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the period, all from continuing operations, attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent by the Company's weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

	Three-month period ended September 30,		Nine-month perio ended September 3	
	2015	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Profit attributable to the owners of the Group Weighted average number of ordinary shares for	91,228	74,715	248,462	236,276
calculation purposes (thousands of shares) (*) Basic and diluted profit per share	$\frac{189,227}{0.48}$	$\frac{189,227}{0.40}$	189,227 1.31	189,227 1.25

^(*) The Group has no potential dilutive shares. Therefore, diluted profit per share is equal to basic profit per share.

17. NET OPERATING REVENUE

The Group's operating revenue is mainly derived from charter agreements and related drilling services. As of September 30, 2015 and 2014, Petrobras has accounted for 93% and 98%, respectively, of total revenues.

Net operating revenue is presented after the following items:

	Three-mor	nth period	Nine-mon	th period	
	ended Sept	tember 30,	ended September 30,		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Operating revenue	268,552	286,932	789,809	837,687	
Taxes levied on revenue:					
Social Integration Program (PIS)	(804)	(1,046)	(2,658)	(2,970)	
Social Investment Program (COFINS)	(3,699)	(4,815)	(12,249)	(13,829)	
Services Tax (ISS)	<u>(920</u>)	(1,302)	(3,158)	(3,604)	
Net operating revenue	<u>263,129</u>	<u>279,769</u>	<u>771,744</u>	<u>817,284</u>	

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18. COST OF SERVICES AND OPERATING EXPENSES

	Three-month period ended September 30,						
		2015			2014		
		General and		General and			
	Cost of	administrative		Cost of	administrative		
Costs and expenses by nature	services	expenses	Total	services	expenses	Total	
Payroll, charges and benefits	(39,069)	(5,127)	(44,196)	(61,544)	(8,118)	(69,662)	
Depreciation	(52,114)	(187)	(52,301)	(47,889)	(284)	(48,173)	
Materials	(14,601)	-	(14,601)	(28,998)	-	(28,998)	
Maintenance	(12,740)	-	(12,740)	(18,527)	-	(18,527)	
Insurance	(4,203)	-	(4,203)	(5,182)	-	(5,182)	
Other $^{(1)/(2)}$	(8,814)	(3,186)	<u>(12,000</u>)	<u>(7,791</u>)	<u>(3,650</u>)	<u>(11,441</u>)	
	(131,541)	(8,500)	(140,041)	(169,931)	(12,052)	(181,983)	

	Nine-month period ended September 30,					
		2015		2014		
Costs and expenses by nature	General and Cost of administrative services expenses Total		Cost of services	General and administrative expenses	Total	
Payroll, charges and benefits	(133,568)	(18,097)	(151,665)	(172,168)	(23,850)	(196,018)
Depreciation	(147,493)	(629)	(148,122)	(142,905)	(808)	(143,713)
Materials	(48,023)	-	(48,023)	(63,239)	-	(63,239)
Maintenance	(42,031)	-	(42,031)	(48,956)	-	(48,956)
Insurance	(13,949)	-	(13,949)	(14,942)	-	(14,942)
Other $^{(1)/(2)}$	<u>(17,574</u>)	<u>(8,510)</u>	(26,084)	(26,773)	(<u>11,984</u>)	(38,757)
	(<u>402,638</u>)	(<u>27,236</u>)	(<u>429,874</u>)	(<u>468,983</u>)	(<u>36,642</u>)	(<u>505,625</u>)

- (1) Cost of services: mainly comprised of rig boarding transportation; lodging and meals; data transmission; among others.
- (2) General and administrative expenses: mainly comprised of transportation; information technology services; external legal advisors; auditors; advisory services; among others.

19. OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES), NET

	Three-mont	*	Nine-month period		
	ended Septe	mber 30,	ended Septe	ember 30,	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	
Revenue from sales of PP&E	101	10	303	176	
Tax reimbursement (*)	-	-	2,186	-	
Property rental	33	93	175	274	
Other	<u> </u>	2	<u>43</u>		
Other income	<u>135</u>	<u>105</u>	<u>2,707</u>	<u>450</u>	
Penalties (Note 13)	(358)	-	(3,318)	-	
Cost of PP&E sold	<u>(9</u>)	<u>(3</u>)	<u>(50</u>)	<u>(30</u>)	
Other expenses	(<u>367</u>)	<u>(3</u>)	(<u>3,368</u>)	<u>(30</u>)	
Total income (expenses), net	(<u>232</u>)	<u>102</u>	<u>(661</u>)	<u>420</u>	

^(*) Tax reimbursement received from the Swiss Tax Authority related to withholding income tax levied on dividends received from SBM Espírito do Mar Inc. in 2013.

20. FINANCIAL EXPENSES, NET

	Three-month period		Nine-month period	
	ended Sep	tember 30,	ended Sep	tember 30,
	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Interest on short-term investments	1,222	1,162	2,848	3,372
Financial income from related parties	1,814	2,167	5,648	8,415
Other financial income	9	<u> </u>	124	132
Financial income	3,045	3,348	8,620	11,919
Financial charges on loans and financings	(26,725)	(25,427)	(74,806)	(79,594)
Derivative expenses	(2,610)	614	(5,791)	(4,675)
Financial expenses from related parties	(380)	(1,033)	(1,341)	(3,525)
Other financial expenses	(2,743)	(1,628)	<u>(5,217)</u>	<u>(4,641</u>)
Financial expenses	(32,458)	(27,474)	(87,155)	(92,435)
Foreign exchange rate variations, net	140	(204)	349	<u>(709</u>)
Financial expenses, net	(<u>29,273</u>)	(<u>24,330</u>)	(<u>78,186</u>)	(<u>81,225</u>)

21. TAXES

Most of the Company's subsidiaries are located in jurisdictions that do not charge income tax. Additionally, certain of the Company's subsidiaries operate in the Netherlands and Luxembourg, but none of these reported taxable income for the periods presented.

QGOG operates in Brazil, and the related taxes and contributions are as follows:

a) Recoverable taxes

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Income tax (IRPJ) and social contribution (CSLL) (1) Total	-	3,284 3,284

⁽¹⁾ Mainly refers to withholding taxes on Petrobras invoices.

b) Taxes payables

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Income tax (IRPJ) and social contribution (CSLL)	1,404	157
Services Tax (ISS)	1,700	2,250
Social Integration Program (PIS) and Social Investment		
Program (COFINS)	<u>235</u>	<u>968</u>
Total	<u>3,339</u>	<u>3,375</u>

c) Deferred tax assets

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Income tax (IRPJ) and social contribution (CSLL) (*)	3,395	5,453
Taxes on revenue (PIS/COFINS/ISS)	<u>371</u>	<u>1,350</u>
Total	<u>3,766</u>	<u>6,803</u>
Current	371	1,056
Non-current	3,395	5,747

(*) Refer to temporary differences and tax loss carryforwards, due to the fact that since 2014 it became possible to make a reliable estimate of taxable profits arising from QGOG's operations aiming the compensation of tax loss carryforwards in the foreseeable future.

d) Effect of income tax results

The tax rate used for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 reconciliations below refers to the corporate nominal tax rate of 34% in accordance with Brazilian tax legislation, jurisdiction in which QGOG (Brazilian subsidiary) operates.

The amounts reported as income tax expense in the consolidated statement of operations are reconciled from the nominal rate to the effective rate as follows:

	Three-month period ended September 30,		Nine-month period ended September 3	
	<u>2015</u>	2014	2015	2014
Profit before taxes	98,795	75,303	281,069	240,891
Income tax and social contribution at nominal rate ^(*) Adjustments to derive effective tax rate:	(3,208)	951	(15,343)	2,319
Non-deductible expenses	(43)	(662)	(1,375)	(1,399)
Deferred income tax on temporary differences	(276)	-	666	-
Other	<u>238</u>	<u>(8)</u>	289	9
Taxes	<u>(3,289</u>)	<u>281</u>	(15,763)	<u>929</u>
Current taxes	(3,013)	281	(16,429)	929
Deferred taxes	(276)	-	666	-

^(*) Nominal tax rate applied on QGOG's profit before tax.

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a) General considerations

The Group manages its capital to ensure that its entities will be able to continue as a going concern while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of debt and equity mix.

The Group's main financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, restricted cash, trade and other receivables and payables, loans and financings and derivatives, as follows:

		September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014	
		Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Category	amount	value	amount	value
Financial assets					
Cash and bank deposits	Loans and receivables	39,904	39,904	74,097	74,097
Cash equivalents	Fair value through profit or loss	149,460	149,460	72,982	72,982
Short-term investments	Fair value through profit or loss	297,632	297,632	83,470	83,470
Restricted cash	Fair value through profit or loss	21,737	21,737	37,842	37,842
Trade and other receivables	Loans and receivables	100,115	100,115	102,313	102,313
Receivables from	•	(5)			
related parties	Loans and receivables	312,861	312,861	337,002	337,002
Financial liabilities					
Loans and financings	Other financial liabilities	2,752,167	2,242,607	2,434,727	2,170,421
Trade and other payables	Other financial liabilities	25,627	25,627	30,650	30,650
Payables to related parties	Other financial liabilities	282,857	282,857	268,125	268,125
Derivatives	Fair value through profit or loss	52,699	52,699	50,193	50,193

The Group has no forward agreements, options, *swaptions* (swaps with non-exercise options), flexible options, derivatives embedded in other products or exotic derivatives. The Group does not conduct derivative transactions for speculative purposes, thus reaffirming its commitment to a policy of conservative cash management.

Management believes that there is no significant risk of short-term fluctuations in the dayrates of its charter agreements due to the respective agreements being long-term.

Except for loans and financings, Management also believes that the carrying amounts of the remaining financial instruments do not significantly differ from their fair value as it considers that interest rates on such instruments are not significantly different from market rates.

Additionally, the amounts of trade accounts receivables and payables reported in these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not significantly differ from their fair value due to the turnover of these accounts being of approximately 30 days.

b) Fair value hierarchy

IFRS 7 - Financial Instruments: Disclosures defines fair value as the value or price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a transaction between participants in an ordinary market on the measurement date. IFRS 7 clarifies that fair value shall be based on assumptions that market participants use when measuring a value or price for an asset or a liability and establishes a hierarchy that prioritizes the information considered to develop those assumptions.

The fair value hierarchy gives greater weight to available market information (i.e. observable data) and less weight to information related to data without transparency (i.e. unobservable data). Additionally, it requires that the entity consider all aspects of nonperformance risk, including the entity's own credit, to measure the fair value of a liability.

IFRS 7 also establishes a 3-levels hierarchy to be used in order to measure and disclose the fair value. A categorization tool in the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of "input" significant for its measurement. A description of the 3 hierarchical levels is as follows:

Level 1 - The "inputs" are determined based on prices in an active market for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date. Additionally, the entity must be able to trade in an active market and the price cannot be adjusted by the entity.

Level 2 - The "inputs" are other than prices as determined by Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, directly or indirectly. The "inputs" level include two prices in an active market for similar assets or liabilities, prices in an inactive market for identical assets or liabilities, or "inputs" that are observable or can corroborate the observation of market data by correlation or other means for substantially every part of the asset or liability.

Level 3 - The "inputs" are those unobservable from minor or no market activity. These "inputs" represent management's best estimates as market participants could assign value or price for these assets or liabilities. Generally, the assets and liabilities are measured using Level 3 pricing models, discounted cash flow, or similar methods that require significant judgments or estimates.

According to IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the Group measures its cash equivalents, short-term investments, restricted cash and derivative financial instruments at fair value. Cash equivalents, short-term investments and restricted cash are classified as Level 1 since they are measured using market prices for identical instruments. Derivative financial instruments are classified as Level 2 since they are measured using similar financial instruments.

Financial instruments fair value measurement

The Group assessed the evaluation of financial assets and liabilities in relation to its market values or its effective recoverable amount, using available information and best practices and methodologies of market valuations for each situation.

Market data information interpretation about methodologies choice requires a higher level of judgment and establishment of reasonable estimate to achieve the fair value. Consequently, the estimate presented may not necessarily indicate the amounts that maybe obtained in current market. The use of different hypothesis to fair values calculation can result in significant effect in obtained values.

The method used to assess the derivatives fair value, represented exclusively by interest rate swaps, was obtained by inputs that are observable or can corroborate the observation of market data by correlation or other means for substantially every part of the asset or liability.

For securities that has quoted price in active markets (Project Bond and Corporate Bond), the fair value is equal to its last quoted price at the balance sheet date obtained from Bloomberg, multiplied by the number of notes in circulation.

For agreements where the current conditions are similar to those in which they originated or that do not have parameters for quotation or contract, fair values are similar to its carrying amounts.

In the evaluation carried out for the purpose of determining the fair value of assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost method, it was not considered the applicability of this adjustment, due to the following reasons:

- ✓ Trade and other receivables and payables: very short-term of maturity; and
- ✓ Loans and financings (other than Project Bond and Corporate Bond) and related parties: the fair value information has not been disclosed for these instruments because it cannot be measured reliably.

c) Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to liquidity, credit and market risks. Management believes that the Group's principal market risk is its exposure to interest rate risk, as discussed below.

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built a liquidity risk management framework for managing the Group's short and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by a combination of maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities (Note 11) and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The Group cultivates relationships with specific lenders and continually monitors its funding needs together with these lenders. The Group manages the majority of its long-term financings on a project-by-project basis. Such financings are arranged as required to support the Group's operations and growth.

The following table details the Group's liquidity analysis for its non-derivative financial liabilities and related derivative financial instruments. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual cash inflows and outflows for the financial instruments.

When the amount payable is not fixed, the amount disclosed has been determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves at the end of the reporting period:

Period	Loans and financings	Derivatives	Trade payables	Payables to related parties	Total
2015	166,764	10,124	25,627	7,797	210,312
2016	483,231	25,325	-	5,493	514,049
2017	810,401	12,520	-	1,690	824,611
2018	585,444	4,720	-	5,390	595,554
2019	801,831	84	-	64.828	866,743
After 2019	275,240	<u>(608</u>)	<u>-</u>	408,607	683,239
Total	<u>3,122,911</u>	<u>52,165</u>	<u>25,627</u>	<u>493,805</u>	<u>3,694,508</u>

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counter-party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Group to concentrations of credit risk are primarily cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and receivables from related parties. It is the Group's practice to place its cash and cash equivalents in time deposits at financial institutions with high credit ratings or at mutual funds, which invest exclusively in high quality money market instruments. The Group limits the exposure amount to any one financial institution to minimize its credit risk exposure.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 Petrobras has accounted for 93% and 98%, respectively, of total revenues. Therefore, management considers that the credit risk arising from this concentration is minimal considering that Petrobras is a government controlled entity with a history of full payment and of being respectful of contractual rights.

Petrobras is an independent third party of the Group and has valid agreements until late 2034.

As disclosed in Note 1, following the press release issued by Petrobras on December 29, 2014, QGOG received a notice from Petrobras, which temporarily suspends QGOG from entering into direct contracts and participating in bids for new contracts. This notice currently does not impact any of the existing contracts between QGOG and Petrobras. QGOG disagrees with this temporary suspension and has already contested this determination in order to reverse it.

The majority of the Group's fleet is hired under long-term agreements. Moreover, the Group owns an offshore fleet that can operate globally and is seeking client diversification and internationalization as part of its strategy, capitalizing on its strong operational track record.

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Market Risk (interest rate risk)

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrow funds at both fixed and variable interest rates. The Group manages this risk by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and variable rate borrowings, and by using interest rate swap agreements. The Group is exposed to fluctuations in US\$ LIBOR interest rates charged on its loans and financings as disclosed in Note 11. As discussed in Note 15, the Group manages the interest rate risk related to the project financing agreements by eliminating variable-to-fixed interest rate swaps.

As a result of the swaps in place at the balance sheet date, the Group's exposure to changes in interest rate expense as a result of fluctuations in US\$ LIBOR is in respect of changes in fair values of the respective interest rate swaps. As discussed in Note 15, these interest rate swaps are held at fair value in the statement of financial position. The fair value of these instruments is affected by factors including market expectations for future changes to US\$ LIBOR. Changes to these expectations affect the value of the Group's swaps, producing effects in the statement of operations and statement of comprehensive income unless such changes are capitalized.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivative and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period and considers the effects of an increase or decrease of 0.1 percent on outstanding loans and financings and the effects of either an increase or a decrease of 0.1 percent in the interest curve (LIBOR), and its impacts in the swaps mark to market on the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. For variable rate liabilities (US\$ LIBOR plus spread), the analysis is prepared assuming the liability amount outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the entire period. A 0.1 percent increase or decrease in US\$ LIBOR is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If the US\$ LIBOR had been 0.1 percent higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's comprehensive income (loss) would be impacted as follows:

		September 30, 2015			
Risk: interest rate variation	September 30, 2015	Scenario I Increase of 0.1% in interest rate	Scenario II Decrease of 0.1% in interest rate		
	US\$	Increase / (decrease) in P&L	Increase / (decrease) in P&L		
Variable interest rate loans (Note 11)	226,512	(227)	227		
Variable interest rate financings (Note 11)	1,500,213	(1,500)	1,500		
Derivatives (Note 15) Total	$\underbrace{\frac{(1,467,922)}{32,291}}$	1,468 (32)	$\frac{(1.468)}{32}$		
Hedge derivatives (Note 15)	(1,072,669)	Increase / (decrease) in OCI 1,073	Increase / (decrease) in OCI (1,073)		

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d) Capital management

The Group manages its capital structure, which consists of the relation between financial debt and shareholders' equity in accordance with best market practices, as follows:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Loans and financings ^(a) Cash transactions ^(b) Net debt	2,752,167 (508,733) 2,243,434	2,434,727 (268,391) 2,166,336
Shareholders' equity (c)	<u>2,449,367</u>	<u>2,228,072</u>
Net debt ratio $[(a) + (b)] \div [(a) + (b) + (c)]$	<u>48%</u>	<u>49%</u>

- (a) Consider all loans and financings.
- (b) Includes cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and restricted cash.
- (c) Includes all shareholders' equity accounts.

23. INSURANCE

As of September 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, major assets or interests covered by insurance policies and their respective amounts are summarized below:

	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Civil liability	2,542,958	2,199,419
Operating risks	5,342,379	5,394,122
Operational headquarter and others	13,333	15,439
Total	<u>7,898,670</u>	<u>7,608,980</u>

The Group's practice in relation to its insurance policies is to hire solid insurance companies with high reputation in the insurance market.

24. PENSION PLAN

The Group, through its subsidiary QGOG, offers a private defined contribution pension plan to all employees and management. Under the pension plan, up to 12% of the monthly salary is contributed by the employee and up to 6.5% by QGOG, according to the employee's seniority level. The pension plan is managed by Bradesco Vida e Previdência S.A. When employees choose to abandon the plan before the end of payments, the contributions still payable are reduced to the amount already paid by QGOG. Therefore, QGOG's only obligation to the Pension Plan is to make its specified contributions.

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, contributions payable by QGOG at rates specified by the plan rules amounted to US\$1,017 and US\$1,594, respectively.

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25. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CASH FLOWS

	Nine-month period	
	ended September 30,	
	2015	2014
Non-cash investing activities:		
Recognition (derecognition) of accrued costs of the drillship under		
mobilization (Note 12)	(390,697)	326,960
Borrowing costs capitalized, net of hedging adjustments (Notes 10,		
11 and 15)	13,890	10,106
Capital increase in Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (Notes 8.h and 9.7)	2,621	-
Capital decrease in Alfa Lula Alto S.à.r.l. (Notes 8 and 9)	-	11,495
Capital decrease in Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (Notes 8 and 9)	-	11,322
Capital contributions in Urca Drilling B.V. (Note 9)	-	27
Capital contributions in Bracuhy Drilling B.V. (Note 9)	-	8
Intercompany loans to Beta Lula Central S.à.r.l. (Notes 8.g and 8.h)	4,660	
	(369,526)	359,918

26. SEASONALITY

There is no seasonality impact over the Group's charter agreements and related drilling services.

27. APPROVAL OF UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Company's management and authorized for issue on November 10, 2015.